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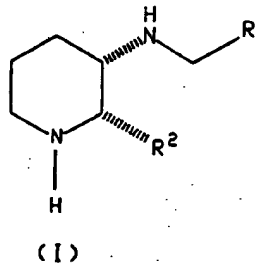
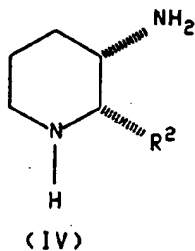
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(54) Title: STEREOSELECTIVE PREPARATION OF SUBSTITUTED PIPERIDINES



(57) Abstract

Novel processes are disclosed for the stereoselective preparation of substituted piperidine derivatives of formulae (IV) and (I) wherein R¹ and R² are defined as below.

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5 STEREOSELECTIVE PREPARATION OF SUBSTITUTED PIPERIDINES Background of the Invention

 This invention relates to novel processes for the stereoselective preparation of substituted piperidine derivatives.

10 The substituted piperidines and related compounds that can be prepared by the processes of this invention are substance P receptor antagonists and are therefore useful in treating diseases mediated by an excess of substance P.

 Substance P is a naturally occurring undecapeptide
15 belonging to the tachykinin family of peptides, the latter being named for their prompt stimulatory action on smooth muscle tissue. More specifically, substance P is a pharmacologically-active neuropeptide that is produced in mammals (having originally been isolated from gut) and
20 possesses a characteristic amino acid sequence that is illustrated by D.F. Veber et al. in U.S. Patent No. 4,680,283.

 The wide involvement of substance P and other tachykinins in the pathophysiology of numerous diseases has
25 been amply demonstrated in the art. For instance, substance P has been shown to be involved in the transmission of pain or migraine (see B.E.B. Sandberg et al., Journal of Medicinal Chemistry, Vol. 25, p. 1009 (1982)), as well as in central nervous system disorders such as anxiety and
30 schizophrenia, in respiratory and inflammatory diseases such as asthma and rheumatoid arthritis, respectively, in rheumatic diseases such as fibrositis, and in gastrointestinal disorders and diseases of the GI tract, such as ulcerative colitis and Crohn's disease, etc. (see D.
35 Regoli in "Trends in Cluster Headache," edited by F. Sicuteri et al., Elsevier Scientific Publishers, Amsterdam, 1987, pp. 85-95).

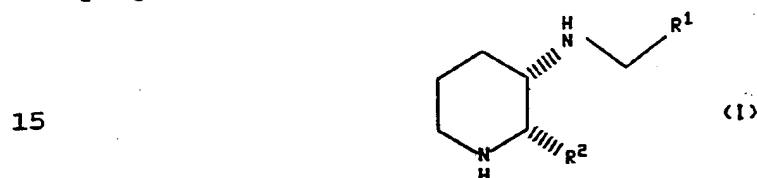
 Several of the substituted piperidines and related compounds that can be prepared by the methods of this
40 invention are claimed in PCT Patent Application PCT/US 90/00116, filed January 4, 1990, United States Patent

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Application Serial No. 07/717,943, filed June 20, 1991 and United States Patent Application Serial No. 07/724,268, entitled "3-Aminopiperidine Derivatives and Related Nitrogen Containing Heterocycles" and filed July 1, 1991, all of which
 5 are assigned in common with the present application. Other methods for preparing such compounds referred to in the United States Patent Application entitled "Preparation of Substituted Piperidines", which was filed in November 27, 1991 and is assigned in common with the present application.

10 Summary of the Invention

The present invention relates to a process for preparing a compound of the formula



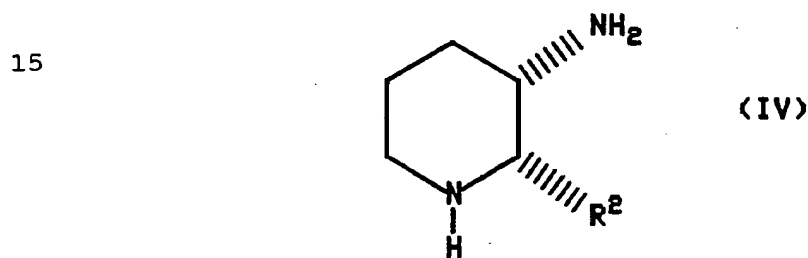
wherein R^1 is aryl selected from indanyl, phenyl and naphthyl; heteroaryl selected from thienyl, furyl, pyridyl
 20 and quinolyl; and cycloalkyl having 3 to 7 carbon atoms, wherein one of said carbon atoms may optionally be replaced by nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur; wherein each of said aryl and heteroaryl groups may optionally be substituted with one or more substituents, and said (C_3 - C_7) cycloalkyl may optionally
 25 be substituted with one or two substituents, said substituents being independently selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, nitro, (C_1 - C_{10}) alkyl optionally substituted from one to three fluoro groups, (C_1 - C_{10}) alkoxy optionally substituted with from one to three fluoro groups,

30

amino, (C_1 - C_{10})alkyl-S-, (C_1 - C_{10})alkyl-S-, (C_1 - C_{10})alkyl-SO₂-,
 phenyl, phenoxy, (C_1 - C_{10})alkyl-SO₂NH-, (C_1 - C_{10})alkyl-SO₂NH-(C_1 -
 35 C_{10})alkyl-, (C_1 - C_{10})alkylamino-di(C_1 - C_{10})alkyl-, cyano, hydroxy, cycloalkoxy having 3 to 7 carbon atoms, (C_1 - C_6)alkylamino, (C_1 - C_6)dialkylamino,

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HCNH- and $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10})\text{alkyl-C-NH-}$, wherein the nitrogen atoms of said amino and $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_6)$ alkylamino groups may optionally be
 5 protected with an appropriate protecting group; and R^2 is thienyl, benzhydryl, naphthyl or phenyl optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from chloro, bromo, fluoro, iodo, cycloalkoxy having 3 to 7 carbon atoms, $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10})$ alkyl
 10 optionally substituted with from one to three fluoro groups and $(\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10})$ alkoxy optionally substituted with from one to three fluoro groups, comprising reacting a compound of the formula



20 wherein R^2 is defined as above, with either (a) a compound of the formula R^1CX , wherein R^1 is defined as above and X is a leaving group (e.g., chloro, bromo, iodo or imidazole), followed by treatment of the resulting amide with a reducing agent, (b) a compound of the formula R^1CHO , wherein R^1 is defined as above, in the presence of a reducing agent, or
 25 (c) a compound of the formula $\text{R}^1\text{CH}_2\text{X}$, wherein R^1 is defined as above and X is a leaving group (e.g., chloro, bromo, iodo, mesylate or tosylate).
 30

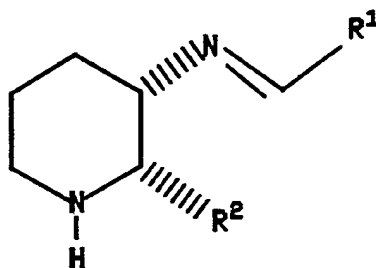
As used herein, the term "halo" refers to chloro, bromo, fluoro or iodo.

The compounds of formula I have chiral centers and
 35 therefore exist in different enantiomeric forms. Formula I, as depicted above, includes all optical isomers of such compounds, and mixtures thereof.

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The present invention also relates to a process for preparing a compound of the formula I, as depicted above, wherein R^1 and R^2 are defined as above, comprising reacting a compound of the formula IV, as depicted above, wherein R^2 is defined as above, with a compound of the formula R^1CHO , wherein R^1 is defined above, in the presence of a drying agent or using an apparatus designed to remove azeotropically the water generated, to produce an imine of the formula

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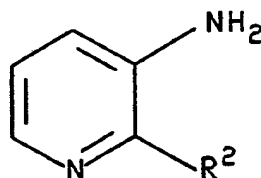
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wherein R^1 and R^2 are defined as above, and then reacting the imine with a reducing agent to form a compound of the formula I, as depicted above, wherein R^1 and R^2 are defined as above.

20

The present invention also relates to a process for preparing a compound of the formula I, as depicted above, wherein R^1 and R^2 are defined as above, comprising reducing a compound of the formula

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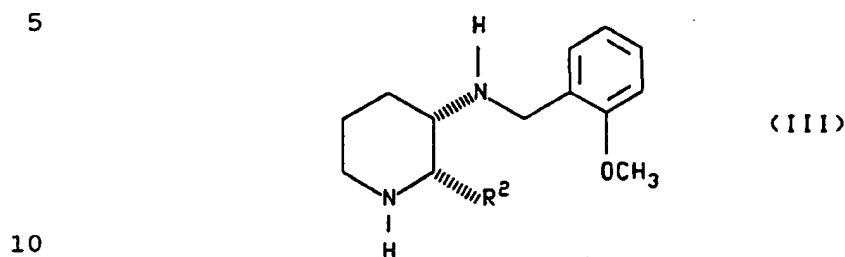
(II)

wherein R^2 is defined as above, to produce a compound of the formula IV, as depicted above, wherein R^2 is defined as above, and then converting the compound of formula IV so formed to a compound of the formula I using one of the procedures described above.

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This invention also relates to a process for preparing a compound of the formula I, as depicted above, wherein R¹ and R² are defined as above, comprising reacting a compound of the formula



with hydrogen in the presence of a metal containing catalyst to form a compound of the formula IV, as depicted above, wherein R² is defined as above, and then converting the compound of formula IV so formed to a compound of the formula I using one of the procedures described above.

Detailed Description of the Invention

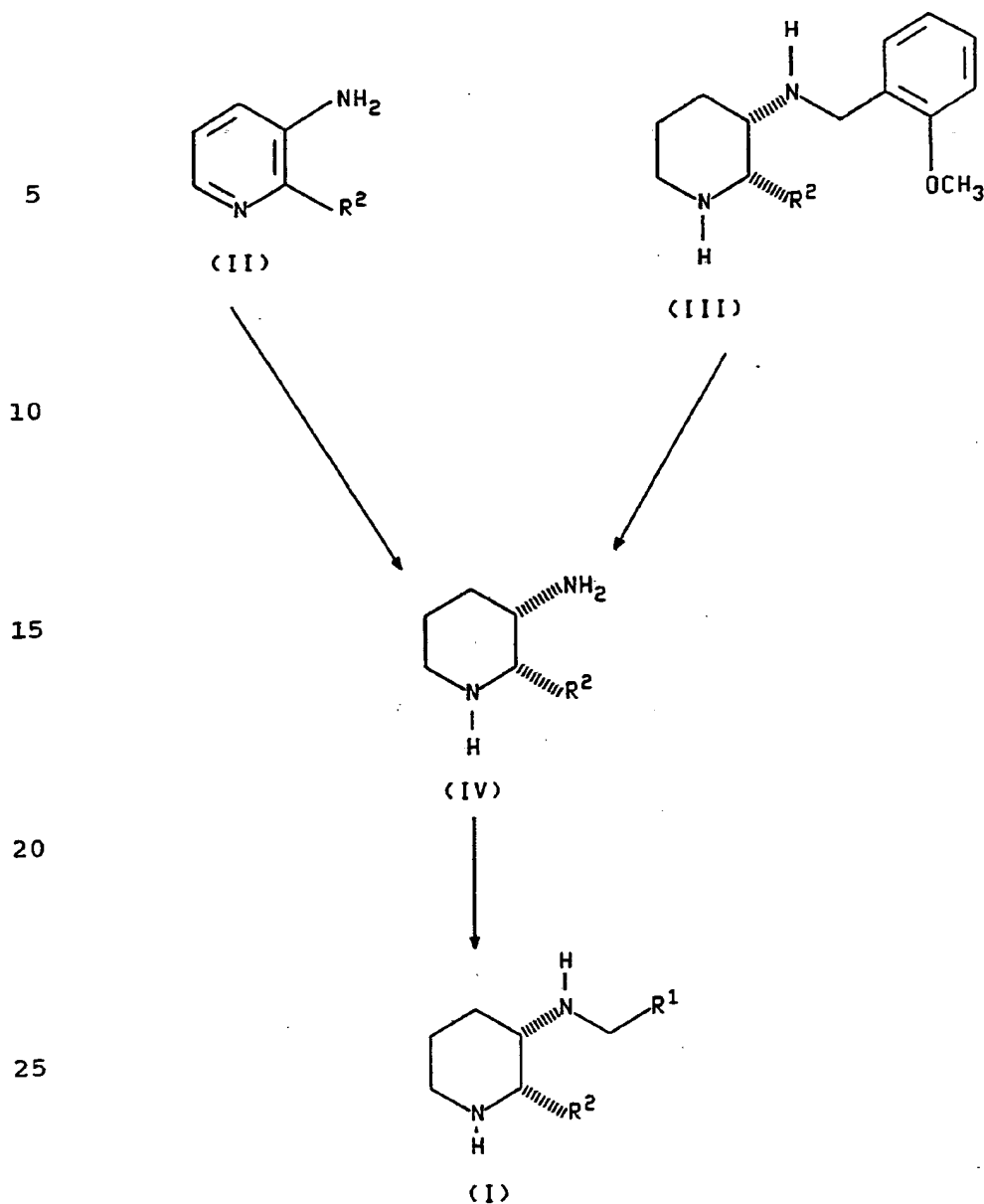
The processes and products of the present invention are illustrated in the following reaction scheme. Except where otherwise indicated, in the reaction scheme and discussion that follow, formulas I, II, III and IV, and substituents R¹, R² and X are defined as above.

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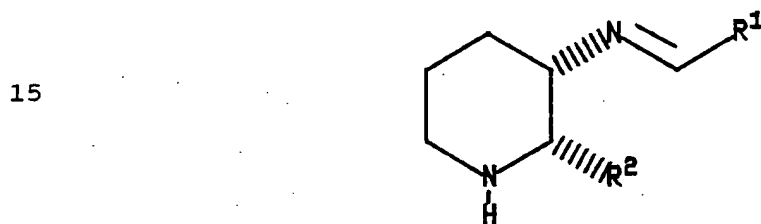


30 The reaction of a compound of the formula IV with a compound of the formula R¹CHO to produce a compound of the formula I is typically carried out in the presence of a reducing agent such as sodium cyanoborohydride, sodium triacetoxyborohydride, sodium borohydride, hydrogen and a
35 metal catalyst, zinc and hydrochloric acid, or formic acid at a temperature from about -60°C to about 50°C. Suitable reaction inert solvents for this reaction include lower

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alcohols (e.g., methanol, ethanol and isopropanol), acetic acid and tetrahydrofuran (THF). Preferably, the solvent is acetic acid, the temperature is about 25°C, and the reducing agent is sodium triacetoxyborohydride. This reaction proceeds to give material in which the addition of the CH₂R¹ sidechain occurs selectively at the 3-amino group, and the isomer of formula I is the only product isolated.

Alternatively, the reaction of a compound of the formula IV with a compound of the formula R¹CHO may be carried out in the presence of a drying agent or using an apparatus designed to remove azeotropically the water generated, to produce an imine of the formula



20 which is then reacted with a reducing agent as described above, preferably with sodium triacetoxyborohydride at about room temperature. The preparation of the imine is generally carried out in a reaction inert solvent such as benzene, xylene or toluene, preferably toluene, at a temperature from about 25°C to about 110°C, preferably at about the reflux temperature of the solvent. Suitable drying agents/solvent systems include titanium tetrachloride/dichloromethane, titanium isopropoxide/dichloromethane and molecular sieves/THF. Titanium tetrachloride/dichloromethane is preferred.

30 The reaction of a compound of the formula IV with a compound of the formula R¹CH₂X is typically carried out in a reaction inert solvent such as dichloromethane or THF, preferably dichloromethane, at a temperature from about 0°C to about 60°C, preferably at about 25°C.

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The reaction of a compound of the formula IV with a



compound of the formula R^1CX is typically carried out in an
5 inert solvent such as tetrahydrofuran (THF) or
dichloromethane at a temperature from about -20°C to about
 60°C , preferably in dichloromethane at about 0°C . Reduction
of the resulting amide is accomplished by treatment with a
reducing agent such as borane dimethylsulfide complex,
10 lithium aluminum hydride or diisobutylaluminum hydride in an
inert solvent such as ethyl ether or THF. The reaction
temperature may range from about 0°C to about the reflux
temperature of the solvent. Preferably, the reduction is
accomplished using borane dimethylsulfide complex in THF at
15 about 60°C .

Reduction of the pyridine of formula II to form the
corresponding piperidine of formula IV is generally
accomplished using either sodium in alcohol, lithium
aluminum hydride/aluminum trichloride, electrolytic
20 reduction or hydrogen in the presence of a metal containing
catalyst. The reduction with sodium is generally conducted
in a boiling alcohol, preferably butanol, at a temperature
from about 20°C to about the reflux temperature of the
solvent, preferably at about 120°C . The reduction with
25 lithium aluminum hydride/aluminum trichloride is usually
carried out in ether, THF or dimethoxyethane, preferably
ether, at a temperature from about 25°C to about 100°C ,
preferably at about room temperature. The electrolytic
reduction is conducted, preferably, at room temperature, but
30 temperatures from about 10°C to about 60°C are also
suitable.

Hydrogenation in the presence of a metal containing
catalyst is the preferred method of reduction. Suitable
hydrogenation catalysts include palladium, platinum, nickel,
35 platinum oxide and rhodium. The preferred catalyst for
hydrogenation is platinum on carbon. The reaction
temperature may range from about 10°C to about 50°C , with
about 25°C being preferred. The hydrogenation is generally

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carried out at a pressure from about 1.5 to about 4 atmospheres, preferably at about 3.0 atmospheres, in a suitable inert solvent such as acetic acid or a lower alcohol, preferably methanol, with about a stoichiometric
5 quantity of hydrogen chloride present. When the reduction is carried out via hydrogenation in the presence of a metal containing catalyst, material of the cis configuration is isolated exclusively and the pyridine ring is reduced selectively as opposed to the 2-phenyl moiety.

10 The preparation of compounds of the formula IV from the corresponding compounds of the formula III is accomplished, as indicated above, by treating the compounds of formula III with hydrogen in the presence of a metal containing catalyst such as platinum or palladium. Generally, this reaction is
15 conducted in a reaction inert solvent such as acetic acid or a lower alcohol, at a temperature from about 0°C to about 50°C. Alternatively, the compounds of formula III may be treated with a dissolving metal such as lithium or sodium in ammonia at a temperature from about -30°C to about -78°C, or
20 with a formate salt in the presence of palladium or with cyclohexene in the presence of palladium. Preferably, the compounds of formula III are treated with hydrogen in the presence of palladium on carbon in a mixture of methanol/ethanol in water or methanol/ethanol containing
25 hydrochloric acid at a temperature of about 25°C. When compounds of the formula III are treated with hydrogen in the presence of a metal containing catalyst, the only products isolated are the desired compounds of the formula IV. No products derived from cleavage of the alternative
30 benzylic position of the piperidine ring (i.e., the bond between the nitrogen at position 1 and the carbon at position 2) are observed.

The starting materials of the formulae

35
$$\begin{array}{c} \text{O} \\ \parallel \\ \text{R}^1\text{CX}, \text{R}^1\text{CHO and R}^1\text{CH}_2\text{X} \end{array}$$
 that are used in the above reactions are either commercially available or obtainable by carrying

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out standard transformation well known to those skilled in the art upon commercially available materials.

In each of the above reactions wherein one piperidine derivative is converted to another piperidine derivative (i.e., III \rightarrow IV and IV \rightarrow I), the absolute stereochemistry about the carbons at positions 2 and 3 of the piperidine ring is preserved. Therefore, for each such reaction, a racemic mixture or a pure enantiomer may be obtained by using the appropriate starting material having the same stereochemistry.

The resolution of a racemic mixture of a compound of the formula I to prepare the (+) enantiomer of such compound is generally carried out using methanol, ethanol, or isopropanol, preferably isopropanol, as the organic reaction inert solvent. Preferably, the resolution is carried out by combining a racemic mixture of a compound of the formula I and (R)-(-)-mandelic acid in isopropanol, and stirring the mixture to form an optically enriched mandelic acid salt precipitate. The optically enriched precipitate is then recrystallized twice from isopropanol, after which the recrystallized precipitate is converted to the free base of the optically pure compound of formula I by partitioning it between dichloromethane and an aqueous base such as sodium hydroxide, sodium bicarbonate or potassium bicarbonate, preferably sodium hydroxide, or by stirring an alcoholic solution of the salt with a basic ion exchange resin. The free base, which is dissolved in the methylene chloride, can then be converted to the corresponding hydrochloric acid salt. Isolation of the mandelate may be conducted at temperatures from about 0°C to about 40°C. About 25°C is preferred.

In each of the reactions discussed or illustrated above, pressure is not critical unless otherwise indicated. Pressures from about 0.5 atmospheres to about 5.0 atmospheres are generally acceptable, and ambient pressure, i.e., about one atmosphere, is preferred as a matter of convenience.

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The compounds of Formula I and their pharmaceutically acceptable salts exhibit substance P receptor antagonist activity and therefore are of value in the treatment and prevention of a wide variety of clinical conditions the treatment or prevention of which are effected or facilitated by a decrease in substance P mediated neurotransmission. Such conditions include inflammatory diseases (e.g., arthritis, psoriasis, asthma and inflammatory bowel disease), anxiety, depression or dysthymic disorders, colitis, psychosis, pain, allergies such as eczema and rhinitis, chronic obstructive airways disease, hypersensitivity disorders such as poison ivy, vasospastic diseases such as angina, migraine and Reynaud's disease, fibrosing and collagen diseases such as scleroderma and eosinophilic fascioliasis, reflex sympathetic dystrophy such as shoulder/hand syndrome, addiction disorders such as alcoholism, stress related somatic disorders, peripheral neuropathy, neuralgia, neuropathological disorders such as Alzheimer's disease, AIDS related dementia, diabetic neuropathy and multiple sclerosis, disorders related to immune enhancement or suppression such as systemic lupus erythematosus, and rheumatic diseases such as fibrositis. Hence, these compounds are readily adapted to therapeutic use as substance P receptor antagonists for the control and/or treatment of any of the aforesaid clinical conditions in mammals, including humans.

The compounds of the formula I and the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof can be administered via either the oral, parenteral or topical routes. In general, these compounds are most desirably administered in dosages ranging from about 5.0 mg up to about 1500 mg per day, although variations will necessarily occur depending upon the weight and condition of the subject being treated and the particular route of administration chosen. However, a dosage level that is in the range of about 0.07 mg to about 21 mg per kg of body weight per day is most desirably employed.

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The following examples illustrate the methods and compounds of the present invention but do not limit its scope.

As indicated above, the starting materials used in the
5 reaction of this invention are either commercially available
or obtainable by carrying out standard transformation well
known to those skilled in the art upon commercially
available materials. Table 1 below indicates how the
aldehydes of the formula R^1CHO used in the examples were
10 obtained. The standard transformations used to prepare
these aldehydes are identified by one or more lower case
letters in the column labelled "Reaction Sequence" in Table
1. The letters used to identify such transformations are
explained in the key following Table 1.

15

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Table 1 Preparation of R ¹ CHO			
	R ¹	Starting Material	Reaction* Sequence
5	2,5-dimethoxyphenyl	-	commercial
	4,5-difluoro-2-methoxyphenyl	3,4-difluoro-methoxybenzene	a
	2-chloro-5-fluorophenyl	-	commercial
10	2-ethoxyphenyl	-	commercial
	2-hydroxyphenyl	-	commercial
15	3,5-difluoro-2-methoxyphenyl	2,4-difluoro-methoxybenzene	a
	2-chloro-6-fluorophenyl	-	commercial
	5-chloro-2-methoxyphenyl	4-chloro-methoxybenzene	a
20	3-fluoro-2-methoxyphenyl	3-fluoro-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde	b
	5-chloro-3-fluoro-2-methoxyphenyl	4-chloro-2-fluorophenol	b, a
25	3-chloro-5-fluoro-2-methoxyphenyl	2-chloro-4-fluoro-methoxybenzene	a
	3,5-dichloro-2-methoxyphenyl	2,4-dichloro-methoxybenzene	a
	4-methoxyphenyl	-	commercial
30	2-thienyl	-	commercial
	2-methoxynaphthyl	-	commercial
35	3-thienyl	-	commercial
	2,5-difluorophenyl	-	commercial
	2,4-dimethoxyphenyl	-	commercial
40	2,4-dichloro-6-methoxyphenyl	3,5-dichloro-methoxybenzene	a
	2,6-dichloro-4-methoxyphenyl	3,5-dichloro-methoxybenzene	a
45	3,4-dichloro-2-methoxyphenyl	2,3-dichloro-methoxybenzene	a
	2,3-dimethoxyphenyl	-	commercial
	5-bromo-2-methoxy-3-methylphenyl	2-methyl-methoxybenzene	c, a
50	2-cyclopentylloxyphenyl	2-hydroxybenzaldehyde	d
	2-cyclopentylloxy-5-methoxyphenyl	2-hydroxy-5-methoxybenzaldehyde	d
55	5-t-butyl-2-methoxyphenyl	4-t-butylphenol	e, a

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Table 1 (Continued) Preparation of R ¹ CHO			
	R ¹	Starting Material	Reaction* Sequence
5	5-s-butyl-2-methoxyphenyl	4-s-butylphenol	e, a
	5-fluoro-2-methoxyphenyl	4-fluoro-methoxybenzene	a
10	2-acetamidophenyl	2-aminobenzaldehyde	f
	2-methoxyphenyl	-	commercial
	5-isopropyl-2-methoxyphenyl	4-isopropyl-methoxybenzene	a
15	5-n-propyl-2-methoxyphenyl	4-n-propylphenol	e, a
	4,5-dimethyl-2-methoxyphenyl	3,4-dimethylphenol	e, a
20	5-heptyl-2-methoxyphenyl	4-heptylphenol	e, a
	2-heptyloxy-5-methoxyphenyl	4-heptyloxyphenol	e, a
	5-heptyloxy-2-methoxyphenyl	4-heptyloxyphenol	e, a
25	2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)phenyl	2-chlorobenzonitrile	g, h
	quinolin-8-yl	8-methylquinoline	i
30	5-hydroxy-2-methoxyphenyl	4-methoxyphenol	a
	2-methoxy-5-phenylphenyl	4-phenylphenol	e, a
	4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxyphenyl	4-amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzoic acid	j
35	2-hydroxy-5-trifluoromethoxyphenyl	2-methoxy-5-trifluoromethoxybenzaldehyde	k
40	5-t-butyl-2-hydroxyphenyl	4-t-butylphenol	a
	3-trifluoromethoxyphenyl	-	commercial
	5-chloro-2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)phenyl	2,6-dichlorobenzonitrile	g, h
45	5-carbomethoxy-2-methoxyphenyl	5-carbomethoxy-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde	e
50	5-t-butyl-2-trifluoromethoxyphenyl	trifluoromethoxybenzene	l, m
	5-n-butyl-2-methoxyphenyl	4-n-butylphenol	e, a

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Table 1 (Continued) Preparation of R ¹ CHO			
	R ¹	Starting Material	Reaction* Sequence
5	2-ethoxy-5-trifluoromethoxyphenyl	4-trifluoromethoxyphenol	n, a
	2-methoxy-5-phenoxyphenyl	4-phenoxyphenol	e, a
10	5-ethyl-2-methoxyphenyl	4-ethyl-methoxybenzene	a
	2-difluoromethoxy-5-trifluoromethoxyphenyl	2-hydroxy-5-trifluoromethoxybenzaldehyde	p
15	5-isopropyl-2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)phenyl	4-isopropyl-iodobenzene	g, a
	2-isopropoxy-5-trifluoromethoxyphenyl	4-trifluoromethoxyphenol	q, a
20	5-dimethylamino-2-methoxyphenyl	5-amino-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde	e, r
	5-t-butyl-2-difluoromethoxyphenyl	4-t-butylphenol	a, p
25	2-methoxy-5-(N-methylsulfonamido)phenyl	5-amino-2-hydroxybenzoic acid	s
	5-methylmercapto-2-methoxyphenyl	4-methylthiophenol	e, a
30	2-methoxy-5-methylaminomethylphenyl	2-methoxy-5-(N-methylcarboxamido)benzaldehyde	t
	2-methoxy-5-methylsulfoxylphenyl	5-methylmercapto-2-methoxybenzaldehyde	u
35	2-methoxy-5-methylsulfonylphenyl	5-methylmercapto-2-methoxybenzaldehyde	u
	2,5-bis(difluoromethoxy)phenyl	2,5-dihydroxybenzaldehyde	p
40	2-difluoromethoxy-5-dimethylaminophenyl	5-amino-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde	r, p
	2-difluoromethoxy-5-isopropylphenyl	4-isopropylphenol	a, p
45	2-difluoromethoxy-5-methylthiophenyl	4-methylthiophenol	e, m, k, p
	2-difluoromethoxy-5-nitrophenyl	2-hydroxy-5-nitrobenzaldehyde	p
50	5-dimethylamino-2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)phenyl	2-chloro-5-nitrobenzonitrile	g, r, h

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Table 1 (Continued) Preparation of R ¹ CHO		
	R ¹	Starting Material
5	5-acetamido-2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)phenyl	5-nitro-2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)benzonitrile
	2-difluoromethoxy-5-ethylphenyl	4-ethyl-methoxybenzene
10	5-chloro-2-difluoromethoxyphenyl	5-chloro-2-hydroxybenzaldehyde
	2-trifluoromethoxyphenyl	-
15	2-methoxy-5-trifluoromethoxyphenyl	4-trifluoromethoxyphenol
		Reaction* Sequence
		v, f, h
		a, k, p
		p
		commercial
		e, a

*Reagents for Preparation of R¹CHO From Standard Routes

- a) Cl₂CHOCH₃, TiCl₄
- b) dimethylsulfate
- 20 c) Br₂/HOAc
- d) cyclopentyl bromide
- e) methyl iodide
- f) acetyl chloride
- g) NaOCH₂CF₃
- 25 h) Raney nickel, HCO₂H
- i) SeO₂
- j) 1) carbonyldiimidazole, 2) N,O-dimethylhydroxylamine, 3) diisobutylaluminum hydride
- k) BBr₃
- 30 l) t-butyl chloride/AlCl₃
- m) Cl₂CHOCH₃/AlCl₃
- n) ethyl iodide
- p) ClF₂CH
- q) isopropyl bromide
- 35 r) H₂, Pd/C, HCHO
- s) 1) methanol/HCl, 2) methylsulfonyl chloride, 3) methyl iodide, 4) diisobutylaluminum hydride, 5) MnO₂
- t) borane methylsulfide complex
- u) monoperoxyphthalic acid, magnesium salt hexahydrate
- 40 v) H₂-Pd/BaSO₄

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EXAMPLE 1(+)-(2S,3S)-3-Amino-2-phenylpiperidine

In a bottle were placed 9 g of 10 % palladium-carbon, 180 ml of methanol, 275 ml of ethanol, 6.5 ml of concentrated hydrochloric acid and 9 g of the hydrochloride salt of (2S,3S)-3-(2-methoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine. The mixture was shaken under hydrogen (40 p.s.i.) overnight, 9 g of additional catalyst were added to the system and the mixture was shaken under hydrogen for 1 day. The mixture was diluted with water (250 mL), filtered through diatomaceous earth (Celite (trademark)) and the Celite was rinsed well with water. The filtrate was concentrated to a volume of ca. 600-700 mL, made basic with concentrated aqueous sodium hydroxide and extracted with chloroform, and the chloroform extracts were dried (sodium sulfate) and concentrated to obtain 4.4 g of the title compound as a colorless oil.

$[\alpha]_D$ (HCl salt) = + 62.8° (c = 0.46, methanol (CH₃OH)).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.68 (m, 4H), 2.72 (m, 1H), 2.94 (broad s, 1H), 3.16 (m, 1H), 3.80 (d, 1H, J=3), 7.24 (m, 5H).

HRMS Calc'd for C₁₁H₁₆N₂: 176.1310. Found: 176.1309.
Calc'd for C₁₁H₁₆N₂•2HCl•1/3H₂O: C, 51.78; H, 7.36; N, 10.98.
Found: C, 51.46; H, 7.27; N, 10.77.

EXAMPLE 2

25 (+)-(2S,3S)-3-(2,5-Dimethoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

Under a nitrogen atmosphere in a round-bottom flask were placed 600 mg (3.4 mmol) of (+)-(2S,3S)-3-amino-2-phenylpiperidine, 8 ml of acetic acid and 622 mg (3.7 mmol) of 2,5-dimethoxybenzaldehyde, and the mixture was stirred for 30 minutes. To the system were added 1.58 g (7.5 mmol) of sodium triacetoxyborohydride, and the mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. The mixture was concentrated, basified with 1 M aqueous sodium hydroxide and extracted with methylene chloride. The methylene chloride extracts were washed with water and extracted with 1 M aqueous hydrochloric acid. The hydrochloric acid extracts

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were basified with 1 M aqueous sodium hydroxide and extracted with methylene chloride. The methylene chloride extracts were dried (sodium sulfate) and concentrated to obtain 528 mg of colorless oil. The oil was dissolved in methylene chloride, and ether saturated with hydrogen chloride was added to the solution. The resulting white solid was collected by filtration and stirred in isopropanol at 60°C for 2 hours. Filtration afforded 414 mg of the title compound as its hydrochloride. Additional material (400 mg) was obtained by extracting the initial basic layer with additional methylene chloride, drying (sodium sulfate) and concentration. $[\alpha]_D(\text{HCl salt}) = +60.5^\circ$ ($c=0.58$, CH_3OH).

^1H NMR (CDCl_3) δ 1.38 (m, 1H), 1.58 (m, 1H), 1.88 (m, 1H), 2.13 (m, 1H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 3.25 (m, 1H), 3.36 (d, 1H, $J=18$), 3.44 (s, 3H), 3.62 (d, 1H, $J=18$), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.88 (d, 1H, $J=3$), 6.62 (m, 3H), 7.24 (m, 5H).

Mass spectrum: m/z 326 (parent).

Calc'd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{O}_2 \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 0.25\text{H}_2\text{O}$: C, 59.48; H, 7.11; N, 6.93. Found: C, 59.33; H, 6.91; N, 7.23.

EXAMPLE 3

Cis-3-amino-2-phenylpiperidine

In a bottle were placed 2.65 g (15.6 mmol) of 3-amino-2-phenylpyridine, 10.6 g of 5% platinum/carbon and 106 mL of 1.5 M HCl in methanol. The mixture was shaken under an atmosphere (ca. 40 p.s.i.) of hydrogen for 2.5 hours. Water was added to the system, the mixture was filtered through a pad of diatomaceous earth and the pad was rinsed with ca. 700 mL of water. The filtrate was made basic with solid sodium hydroxide and extracted with two portions of dichloromethane. The combined organic fractions were washed with water, dried (sodium sulfate) and concentrated with a rotary evaporator to obtain 2.4 g of the title compound as a yellow oil.

Calc'd for $\text{C}_{11}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O} \cdot 0.25\text{H}_2\text{O}$: C, 73.08; H, 9.20; N, 15.89. Found: C, 72.80; H, 9.46; N, 15.84.

The title compounds of Examples 4-23 and 25-81 were prepared from either (+)-(2S,3S)-3-amino-2-phenylpiperidine

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or the corresponding racemate by employing the appropriate aldehyde and using a procedure similar to that of Example 2.

EXAMPLE 4Cis-3-(4,5-difluoro-2-methoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.30 (m, 1H), 1.62 (m, 2H), 1.96 (m, 1H), 2.68 (m, 2H), 3.18 (m, 2H), 3.32 (s, 3H), 3.44 (d, 1H, J=14), 3.82 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.38 (dd, 1H, J=6,12), 6.66 (dd, 1H, J=8, 10), 7.16 (m, 5H).

HRMS Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₂N₂F₂O: 332.1697. Found: 332.1698.
Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₂N₂OF₂•2HCl•0.85H₂O: C, 54.25; H, 6.15; N, 6.66.
Found: C, 54.26; H, 5.84; N, 6.94.

EXAMPLE 5Cis-3-(2-chloro-4-fluorobenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.44 (m, 1H), 2.06 (m, 1H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 3.24 (m, 1H), 3.40 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.58 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.88 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.75 (m, 1H), 6.92 (m, 2H), 7.26 (m, 5H).

HRMS Calc'd for C₁₈H₂₀N₂³⁵ClF: 318.1294. Found: 318.1280.

EXAMPLE 6Cis-3-(2-ethoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.10 (t, 3H, J=5), 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.62 (m, 1H), 1.90 (m, 1H), 2.14 (m, 1H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 3.27 (m, 1H), 3.38 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.69 (m, 3H), 3.86 (d, 1H, J=2), 6.64 (d, 1H, J=8), 6.78 (t, 1H, J=6), 6.94 (d, 1H, J=6), 7.12 (t, 1H, J=8), 7.24 (m, 5H).

HRMS Calc'd for C₂₀H₂₆N₂O: 310.2041. Found: 310.2045.

EXAMPLE 7Cis-3-(2-hydroxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.62 (m, 3H), 2.10 (m, 1H), 2.79 (m, 1H), 2.92 (m, 1H), 3.20 (m, 1H), 3.48 (s, 2H), 3.82 (d, 1H, J=2), 6.72 (m, 3H), 7.08 (m, 1H), 7.36 (m, 5H).

HRMS Calc'd for C₁₈H₂₂N₂O: 282.1732. Found: 282.1724.
Calc'd for C₁₈H₂₂N₂O•2HCl•2H₂O: C, 55.26, H, 7.20; N, 7.16.
Found: C, 55.13; H, 7.12; N, 6.84.

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EXAMPLE 8Cis-3-(3,5-difluoro-2-methoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.45 (m, 1H), 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.86 (m, 1H), 2.08 (m, 1H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 3.24 (m, 1H), 3.44 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.54 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.68 (s, 3H), 3.90 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.57 (dd, 1H, J = 8, 9), 6.69 (dd, 1H, J=9, 12), 7.28 (m, 5H).

HRMS Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₂N₂OF₂: 332.1698. Found: 332.1700.
10 Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₂N₂OF₂•2HCl: C, 56.30; H, 5.97; N, 6.92. Found: C, 56.17; H, 5.84; N, 6.59.

EXAMPLE 9Cis-3-(2-chloro-6-fluorobenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.66 (m, 1H), 1.90 (m, 1H), 2.15 (m, 1H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 3.26 (m, 1H), 3.68 (d, 2H, J=18), 3.72 (d, 1H, J=18), 6.82 (m, 1H), 7.04 (m, 2H), 7.22 (m, 5H).

HRMS Calc'd for C₁₈H₂₀N₂ClF•2HCl•2/3H₂O: C, 53.56; H, 5.83; N, 6.95. Found: C, 53.63; H, 5.53; N, 6.83.

EXAMPLE 10(2S,3S)-3-(5-chloro-2-methoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

Mp 275-277°C (HCl salt).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.60 (m, 1H), 1.90 (m, 1H), 2.08 (m, 1H), 2.79 (m, 2H), 3.26 (m, 1H), 3.36 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.45 (s, 3H), 3.60 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.88 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.56 (d, 1H, J=8), 6.92 (d, 1H, J=3), 7.06 (dd, 1H, J=3, 8), 7.28 (m, 5H).

Mass spectrum: m/z 330 (parent).

EXAMPLE 11Cis-3-(5-chloro-2-methoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.37 (m, 1H), 1.56 (m, 1H), 1.86 (m, 1H), 2.06 (m, 1H), 2.76 (m, 2H), 3.23 (m, 1H), 3.32 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.58 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.85 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.54 (d, 1H, J=8), 6.90 (d, 1H, J=3), 7.04 (dd, 1H, J=3, 8), 7.24 (m, 5H).

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EXAMPLE 12Cis-3-(2,5-dimethoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

M.p. 250-252°C (HCl salt).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.28-1.40 (m, 1H), 1.48-1.92 (m, 2H),
5 2.02-2.14 (m, 1H), 2.66-2.80 (m, 2H), 3.14-3.24 (m, 1H),
3.32 (d, 1H, J=18), 3.38 (s, 3H), 3.56 (d, 1H, J=18), 3.66
(s, 3H), 3.83 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.48-6.62 (m, 3H), 7.10-7.26 (m,
5H).

HRMS Calc'd for C₂₀H₂₆N₂O₂:326.1995. Found: 326.1959.

10 Anal. Calc'd for C₂₀H₂₆N₂O₂•2HCl•0.3H₂O:C, 59.34; H, 7.12; N,
6.92. Found: C, 59.33; H, 6.96; N, 6.76.

EXAMPLE 13Cis-3-(5-fluoro-2-methoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

15 M.p. 270-272°C (HCl salt).

HRMS Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₃FN₂O:314.1791. Found: 314.1766.

Anal. Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₃FN₂O•2HCl•0.5H₂O:C, 57.58; H, 6.61; N,
7.07. Found: C, 57.35; H, 6.36; N, 7.03.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.30-1.42 (m, 1H), 1.48-2.12 (m, 3H),
20 2.64-2.82 (m, 2H), 3.12-3.26 (m, 1H), 3.32 (d, 1H, J=12),
3.42 (s, 3H), 3.56 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.84 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.53
(dd, 1H, J=5, 10), 6.64 (dd, 1H, J=3, 8), 6.70-6.80 (m, 1H),
7.12-7.40 (m, 5H).

EXAMPLE 1425 Cis-2-phenyl-3-[2-(prop-2-yloxy)benzylamino]piperidine

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.00 (m, 6H), 1.30 (m, 1H), 1.70 (m,
2H), 2.10 (m, 1H), 2.72 (m, 2H), 3.18 (m, 1H), 3.30 (m, 1H),
3.50 (m, 1H), 3.80 (br s, 1H), 4.06 (m, 1H), 6.66 (m, 2H),
6.90 (m, 1H), 7.05 (m, 1H), 7.20 (m, 5H).

30 HRMS Calc'd for C₂₁H₂₈N₂O:324.2197. Found: 324.2180.
Calc'd for C₂₁H₂₈N₂O•2HCl•1.66H₂O:C, 59.02; H, 7.85; N, 6.55.
Found: C, 59.07; H, 7.77; N, 6.69.

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EXAMPLE 15Cis-3-(3-fluoro-2-methoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.60 (m, 1H), 1.86 (m, 1H), 2.08 (m, 1H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 3.23 (m, 1H), 3.36 (m, 1H), 3.58 (m, 4H), 3.88 (m, 1H), 6.80 (m, 3H), 7.26 (m, 5H).

HRMS Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₃FN₂O:314.1794. Found: 314.1768.
Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₃FN₂O•2HCl•1.5H₂O:C, 55.08; H, 6.80; N, 6.76.
Found: C, 54.89; H, 6.48; N, 6.79.

EXAMPLE 16Cis-3-(5-chloro-3-fluoro-2-methoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.42 (m, 1H), 1.54 (m, 1H), 1.80 (m, 1H), 2.06 (m, 1H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 3.20 (m, 1H), 3.42 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.58 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.86 (m, 1H), 6.66 (d, 1H, J=9), 6.91 (d, 1H, J=9), 7.26 (m, 5H).

HRMS Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₂FN₂OCl:348.1401. Found: 348.1406.

EXAMPLE 17Cis-3-(3-chloro-5-fluoro-2-methoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.44 (m, 1H), 1.58 (m, 1H), 1.80 (m, 1H), 2.06 (m, 1H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 3.22 (m, 1H), 3.42 (d, 1H, J=18), 3.54 (d, 1H, J=18), 3.66 (s, 3H), 3.88 (d, 1H, J=2), 6.55 (d, 1H, J=6), 6.92 (d, 1H, J=9), 7.26 (m, 5H).

HRMS Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₂ClFN₂O:348.1401. Found: 348.1411.
Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₂ClFN₂O•2HCl•0.25H₂O:C, 53.53; H, 5.79; N, 6.57. Found: C, 53.58; H, 5.60; N, 6.41.

EXAMPLE 18Cis-3-(3,5-dichloro-2-methoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.44 (m, 1H), 1.56 (m, 1H), 1.82 (m, 1H), 2.08 (m, 1H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 3.20 (m, 1H), 3.50 (m, 2H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.88 (m, 1H), 6.68 (s, 1H), 7.26 (m, 6H).

HRMS Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₂Cl₂N₂O:364.1105. Found: 364.1105.
Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₂Cl₂N₂O•2HCl:C, 52.07; H, 5.52; N, 6.39. Found: C, 51.69; H, 5.50; N, 6.32.

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EXAMPLE 19Cis-3-(4-Methoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

M.p. 264-266°C (HCl salt).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.28-1.40 (m, 1H), 1.44-1.88 (m, 2H),
5 1.92-2.02 (m, 1H), 2.64-2.84 (m, 2H), 3.10-3.22 (m, 1H),
3.19 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.39 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.81
(d, 1H, J=3), 6.65 (d, 2H, J=8), 6.83 (d, 2H, J=6), 7.12-
7.28 (m, 5H).

HRMS Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₄N₂O: 296.1885. Found: 296.1871.

10 Calc'd for C₁₉H₂₄N₂O•2HCl•0.6H₂O: C, 60.03; H, 7.21; N, 7.37.
Found: 60.08; H, 7.11; N, 7.45.

EXAMPLE 20Cis-2-Phenyl-3-(thien-2-ylmethylamino)piperidine

M.p. 250-252°C (HCl salt).

15 ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.30-1.40 (m, 1H), 1.46-1.52 (m, 1H),
1.68-1.86 (m, 1H), 1.92-2.00 (m, 1H), 2.64-2.78 (m, 1H),
2.84-2.92 (m, 1H), 3.12-3.22 (m, 1H), 3.44 (d, 1H, J=12),
3.54 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.81 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.53 (d, 1H, J=4),
6.72-6.80 (m, 1H), 7.02 (d, 1H, J=6), 7.12-7.30 (m, 5H).

20 HRMS Calc'd for C₁₆H₂₀N₂S: 272.1373. Found: 272.1327.
Calc'd for C₁₆H₂₀N₂S•2HCl•1.1H₂O: C, 52.62; H, 6.67; N, 7.67.
Found: C, 52.64; H, 6.38; N, 7.65.

EXAMPLE 21Cis-3-(2-Methoxynaphth-1-ylmethylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

25 M.p. 222-225°C (HCl salt).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.36-1.48 (m, 1H), 1.52-2.04 (m, 2H),
2.18-2.32 (m, 1H), 2.68-2.82 (m, 1H), 2.90 (d, 1H, J=3),
3.18-3.28 (m, 1H), 3.64 (s, 3H), 3.80 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.86
(d, 1H, J=4), 4.07 (d, 1H, J=12), 7.02-7.32 (m, 8H), 7.57
30 (d, 1H, J=8), 7.60-7.70 (m, 2H).

HRMS Calc'd for C₂₃H₂₆N₂O: 346.2041. Found: 346.2043.EXAMPLE 22Cis-2-Phenyl-3-(thien-3-ylmethylamino)piperidine

M.p. 264-267°C (HCl salt).

35 ¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.30-1.40 (m, 1H), 1.46-1.64 (m, 1H),
1.70-1.88 (m, 1H), 1.92-2.02 (m, 1H), 2.68-2.78 (m, 1H),
2.80-2.88 (m, 1H), 3.14-3.22 (m, 1H), 3.31 (d, 1H, J=12),

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3.48 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.84 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.65 (d, 1H, J=6),
6.72 (d, 1H, J=3), 7.04-7.10 (m, 1H), 7.14-7.28 (m, 5H).

HRMS Calc'd for $C_{16}H_{20}N_2S$: 272.1342. Found: 272.1364.
Calc'd for $C_{16}H_{20}N_2S \cdot 2HCl \cdot 0.6H_2O$: C, 53.96; H, 6.57; N, 7.87.

5 Found: C, 53.97; H, 6.25; N, 7.77.

EXAMPLE 23

Cis-3-(2,5-Difluorobenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

M.p. 274-276°C (HCL salt).

1H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ 1.28-1.40 (m, 1H), 1.44-1.62 (m, 1H),
10 1.66-1.84 (m, 1H), 1.90-2.00 (m, 1H), 2.64-2.76 (m, 2H),
2.10-3.20 (m, 1H), 3.32 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.44 (d, 1H, J=12),
3.81 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.50-6.58 (m, 1H), 6.62-6.78 (m, 2H),
7.10-7.26 (m, 5H).

HRMS Calc'd for $C_{18}H_{20}F_2N_2$: 302.1590. Found: 302.1560.
15 Calc'd for $C_{18}H_{20}F_2N_2 \cdot 2HCl \cdot 0.2H_2O$: C, 57.06; H, 5.96; N, 7.39.
Found: C, 56.94; H, 5.94; N, 7.37.

EXAMPLE 24

(2S,3S)-3-Amino-2-phenylpiperidine

In a bottle were placed 31 g of 10% palladium-carbon,
20 50 mL of water, 300 mL of methanol, 450 mL of ethanol, 20 mL
of concentrated aqueous hydrochloric acid and 15 g (0.04
mole) of the hydrochloride salt of (2S,3S)-3-(2-
methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine. The mixture was
shaken under hydrogen (40 p.s.i.) for 1 day and filtered
25 through a pad of diatomaceous earth. The pad was rinsed
with 2N aqueous hydrochloric acid (HCl), water, ethanol and
water and concentrated with a rotary evaporator. Water was
added to the residue and the mixture was made basic using 4N
aqueous sodium hydroxide (NaOH). The mixture was extracted
30 with four portions of dichloromethane, and the extracts were
dried over magnesium sulfate ($MgSO_4$) and concentrated to
obtain 2.23 g of the title compound. The aqueous fraction
was concentrated to dryness and triturated with chloroform.
Concentration of the chloroform solution afforded an
35 additional 4.15 g of title compound. The product obtained
in this manner had spectral properties identical to those of
the product of Example 1.

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EXAMPLE 25Cis-3-(2,4-dimethoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.38 (m, 1H), 1.65 (m, 1H), 1.9 (m, 2H), 2.15 (m, 1H), 2.8 (m, 2H), 3.25 (m, 1H), 3.35 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.4 (s, 3H), 3.6 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.85 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.25 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.35 (dd, 1H, J=10, 3), 6.85 (d, 1H, J=10), 7.30 (m, 5H).

Mass spectrum m/z 326 (parent).

Anal. calc'd for C₂₀H₂₆N₂O₂•2HCl: C, 60.14; H, 7.07, N, 7.02 Found: C, 59.66; H, 7.11; N, 6.83.

EXAMPLE 26Cis-3-(2,4 dichloro-6-methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine

M.p. 256-258°C (HCl salt).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.4 (m, 1H), 1.62 (m, 3H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 2.2 (m, 1H), 2.68 (m, 1H), 2.76 (m, 1H), 3.2 (m, 1H), 3.38 (s, 3H), 3.4 (d, 1H, J=10), 3.64 (d, 1H, J=10), 3.84 (m, 1H), 6.48 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.84 (d, 1H, J=3), 7.2 (m, 5H).

Mass Spectrum m/z 364 (parent).

Anal. calc'd for C₁₉H₂₂Cl₂N₂O•2HCl: C, 52.07; H, 5.52; N, 6.39. Found: C, 51.81; H, 5.65; N, 6.17.

EXAMPLE 27Cis-3-(2,6-dichloro-4-methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine M.p. 230-240°C (HCl salt).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.4 (m, 1H), 1.6 (m, 3H), 1.92 (m, 1H), 2.16 (m, 1H), 2.76 (m, 2H), 3.2 (m, 1H), 3.58 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.70 (s, 3H), 3.74 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.86 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.66 (m, 2H), 7.2 (m, 5H).

Mass Spectrum m/z 364 (parent).

Anal. calc'd for C₁₉H₂₂Cl₂N₂O•2HCl: C, 52.07; H, 5.52; N, 6.39. Found: C, 52.18; H, 5.46; N, 6.24.

EXAMPLE 28Cis-3-(3,4-dichloro-2-methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine

M.p. 246-248° (HCl salt).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.4 (m, 1H), 1.65 (s, 2H), 1.9 (m, 1H), 2.05 (m, 2H), 2.8 (m, 2H), 3.25 (m, 1H), 3.45 (d, 1H, J=15),

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3.6 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.9 (m, 4H), 6.65 (d, 1H, J=10), 6.90 (d, 1H, J=10), 7.3 (m, 5H).

HRMS Calc'd for $C_{19}H_{22}Cl_2N_2O \cdot 2HCl$: C, 52.07; H, 5.52; N, 6.39. Found: C, 51.58; H, 5.46; N, 6.26.

5

EXAMPLE 29Cis-3-(2,3-dimethoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine

M.p. 238-240°C (HCl salt).

1H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ 1.44 (m, 1H), 1.6 (m, 1H), 2.00 (m, 2H), 2.8 (dt, 2H, J=12, 3), 2.92 (m, 1H), 3.26 (m, 1H), 3.42 (d, 1H, J=10), 3.52 (s, 3H), 3.53 (d, 1H, J=10), 3.78 (s, 3H), 3.84 (m, 1H), 3.90 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.52 (d, 1H, J=10), 6.72 (d, 1H, J=10), 6.84 (d, 1H, J=10), 7.82 (m, 5H).

HRMS Calc'd for $C_{20}H_{26}N_2O_2$: 326.2058. Found: 326.1991.

Anal. calc'd for $C_{20}H_{26}N_2O_2 \cdot 2HCl \cdot 1/2 H_2O$: C, 58.82; H, 7.16; N, 6.86. Found C, 58.63; H, 7.26; N, 6.81.

EXAMPLE 30Cis-3-(5-bromo-2-methoxy-3-methylbenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine

M.p. 236-238°C (HCl salt).

1H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ 1.44 (m, 1H), 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.90 (m, 1H), 2.16 (s, 3H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 3.26 (m, 1H), 3.36 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.43 (s, 1H), 3.52 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.90 (m, 1H), 6.92 (s, 1H), 7.10 (s, 1H), 7.34 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for $C_{20}H_{25}BrN_2O$: 388.1144. Found: 388.1153.

25

EXAMPLE 31(2S,3S)-3-(2,4-dimethoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine

1H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ 1.4 (m, 1H), 1.58 (m, 1H), 1.94 (m, 2H), 2.1 (m, 1H), 2.8 (m, 2H), 3.28 (m, 1H), 3.34 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.38 (s, 3H), 3.64 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.76 (s, 3H), 3.88 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.24 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.30 (dd, 1H, J=10, 3), 6.86 (d, 1H, J=10), 7.26 (m, 5H).

HRMS Calc'd for $C_{20}H_{26}N_2O_2$: 326.1988. Found: 326.1986.

Anal. calc'd for $C_{20}H_{26}N_2O_2 \cdot 2HCl \cdot 1/4 H_2O$: C, 59.48; H, 7.11; N, 6.94. Found: C, 59.40; H, 6.96; N, 6.95.

35

EXAMPLE 32(2S,3S)-3-(2-Cyclopentyloxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine

M.p. 230-232°C (HCl salt).

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¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.75 (m, 13H), 2.14 (m, 1H), 2.80 (dt, 2H, J=12, 3), 2.90 (m, 1H), 3.28 (m, 1H), 3.36 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.60 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.88 (broad s, 1H), 4.58 (m, 1H), 6.74 (m, 2H), 6.84 (d, 1H, J=10), 7.12 (m, 1H), 7.30 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for C₂₃H₄₀N₂O: 350.2351. Found: 350.2332.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₃H₃₀N₂O•2HCl•2H₂O: C, 60.12; H, 7.33; N, 6.10. Found C, 59.10; H, 7.19; N, 6.09.

EXAMPLE 33

10 (2S,3S)-3-(2-Cyclopentyloxy-5-methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine

M.p. 217-219°C (HCl salt).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.66 (m, 13H), 2.14 (m, 1H), 2.82 (dt, 2H, J=12, 3), 2.92 (m, 1H), 3.14 (m, 2H), 3.54 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.72 (s, 3H), 3.90 (d, 1H, J=15), 4.50 (m, 1H), 6.64 (m, 3H), 7.30 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for C₂₄H₃₂N₂O₂: 380.2456. Found: 380.2457.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₄H₃₂N₂O₂•2HCl•H₂O: C, 60.14; H, 7.70; N, 5.94. Found C, 61.05; H, 7.67; N, 5.92.

20

EXAMPLE 34

(2S,3S)-3-(5-tert-Butyl-2-methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine

M.p. 262-264°C (HCl salt).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.22 (s, 9H), 1.38 (m, 2H), 1.90 (m, 1H), 2.14 (m, 1H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 3.26 (m, 1H), 3.36 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.44 (s, 3H), 3.62 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.86 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.60 (d, 1H, J=10), 7.00 (d, 1H, J=3), 7.12 (m, 1H), 7.26 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for C₂₃H₃₂N₂O: 352.2507. Found: 352.2512.

30 Anal. calc'd for C₂₃H₃₂N₂O•2HCl•0.5H₂O: C, 63.58; H, 8.12; N, 6.45. Found C, 63.75; H, 8.00; N, 6.42.

EXAMPLE 35

(2S,3S)-3-(5-sec-Butyl-2-methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine

35 M.p. 260-263°C (HCl salt).

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 0.8 (2t, 3H, J=6), 1.16 (2d, 3H, J=7), 1.5 (m, 4H), 1.9 (m, 1H), 2.12 (m, 1H), 2.46 (m, 1H), 2.8

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(m, 3H), 3.28 (m, 1H), 3.42 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.44 (s, 3H), 3.66 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.90 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.60 (d, 1H, J=10), 6.78 (broad s, 1H), 6.92 (d, 1H, J=10), 7.3 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for $C_{23}H_{32}N_2O$: 352.2507. Found: 352.2525.

5 Anal. calc'd for $C_{23}H_{32}N_2O \cdot 2HCl \cdot H_2O$: C, 62.29; H, 8.18; N, 6.32. Found C, 62.95; H, 7.62; N, 6.61.

EXAMPLE 36

(2S,3S)-3-(5-Fluoro-2-methoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine

10 M.p. > 270°C (HCl salt).

1H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ 1.38 (m, 1H), 1.56 (m, 1H), 1.90 (m, 1H), 2.06 (m, 1H), 2.66 (m, 2H), 3.26 (m, 1H), 3.30 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.38 (s, 3H), 3.56 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.86 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.52 (m, 1H), 6.64 (dd, 1H, J=10, 3), 6.70 (dt, 1H, J=10, 3), 7.24 (m, 5H).

15 Anal. calc'd for $C_{19}H_{23}FN_2O \cdot 5HCl \cdot 0.75H_2O$: C, 57.57; H, 6.61; N, 7.06. Found: C, 57.83, H, 6.31; N, 7.06.

EXAMPLE 37

(2S,3S)-3-(4,5-Difluoro-2-methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine

20 1H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ 1.36 (m, 1H), 1.55 (m, 1H), 1.84 (m, 1H), 2.02 (m, 1H), 2.72 (m, 2H), 3.20 (m, 1H), 3.26 (d, 1H, J=14), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.52 (d, 1H, J=14), 3.84 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.42 (dd, 1H, J=6, 12), 6.70 (dd, 1H, J=8, 10), 7.20 (m, 5H).

25 Anal. calc'd for $C_{19}H_{22}F_2N_2O \cdot 2HCl \cdot 0.55H_2O$: C, 54.96; H, 6.09; N, 6.75. Found C, 54.65, H, 5.69; N, 6.74.

EXAMPLE 38

(2S,3S)-3-(2-Acetamidobenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine

30 M.p. 187-195°C (HCl salt).

1H NMR ($CDCl_3$) δ 1.52 (m, 1H), 1.61 (s, 3H), 1.70 (m, 1H), 2.10 (m, 2H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 3.18 (m, 1H), 3.32 (d, 1H, J=16), 3.54 (d, 1H, J=16), 3.89 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.88 (m, 2H), 7.26 (m, 7H).

35 HRMS calc'd for $C_{20}H_{25}N_3O$: 323.1997. Found: 323.1972.

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EXAMPLE 39(2S,3S)-3-(2-Methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine

¹H NMR (CDCl₃) δ 1.36 (m, 1H), 1.54 (m, 1H), 2.0 (m, 2H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 3.23 (m, 1H), 3.36 (d, 1H, J=14),
5 3.41 (s, 3H), 3.63 (d, 1H, J=14), 3.83 (broad s, 1H), 6.61 (d, 1H, J=8), 6.74 (t, 1H, J=7), 6.91 (d, 1H, J=7), 7.08 (t, 1H, J=8), 7.12 (m, 5H).

EXAMPLE 40(2S,3S)-3-(2-Methoxy-5-methylmercaptobenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 257 - 259°C (dec.)

¹H NMR (free base; CDCl₃) δ 1.32 (m, 1H), 1.50 (m, 1H),
1.82 (m, 1H), 2.04 (m, 1H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 2.72 (m, 2H), 3.18 (m, 1H), 3.26 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.36 (s, 3H), 3.54 (d, 1H,
15 J=15), 3.80 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.52 (d, 1H, J=10), 6.90 (d, 1H, J=3), 7.04 (dd, 1H, J=3, 10), 7.2 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for C₂₀H₂₆N₂OS: 342.1760. Found: 342.1770.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₀H₂₆N₂OS•2HCl•0.25H₂O: C, 57.20; H, 6.84; N, 6.67. Found: C, 57.35; H, 6.76; N, 6.61.

20

EXAMPLE 41(2S,3S)-3-(2-Methoxy-5-methylsulfoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 209°C (dec).

¹H NMR (free base; CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.56 (m, 1H),
25 1.90 (m, 1H), 2.10 (m, 1H), 2.59, 2.62 (2S, 3H), 2.76 (m, 2H), 3.22 (m, 1H), 3.42 (m, 1H), 3.49, 3.52 (2S, 3H), 3.66 (m, 1H), 3.86 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.76 (m, 1H), 7.24 (m, 6H), 7.46 (m, 1H).

HRMS calc'd for C₂₀H₂₇N₂O₂S(M+1): 359.1787. Found:
30 359.1763.

EXAMPLE 42(2S,3S)-3-(2-Methoxy-5-methylsulfonylbenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. > 260°C.

¹H NMR (free base; CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.58 (m, 1H),
35 1.88 (m, 1H), 2.10 (m, 1H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 2.96 (s, 3H), 3.24 (m, 1H), 3.38 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.54 (s, 3H), 3.66 (d, 1H,

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J=15), 3.90 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.74 (d, 1H, J=10), 7.26 (m, 5H), 7.58 (d, 1H, J=3), 7.72 (d, 1H, J=10).

HRMS calc'd for $C_{20}H_{26}N_2O_3S$: 374.1658. Found: 374.1622.

EXAMPLE 43

5 (2S,3S)-3-(2-Methoxy-5-phenoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. > 250°C.

1H NMR (free base; $CDCl_3$) δ 1.34 (m, 1H), 1.74 (m, 2H), 2.06 (m, 1H), 2.76 (m, 2H), 3.22 (m, 1H), 3.32 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.44 (s, 3H), 3.60 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.85 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.60 (d, 1H, J=9), 6.67 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.78 (dd, 1H, J=6,9), 6.86 (d, 2H), 7.00 (t, 1H, J=6), 7.22 (m, 7H).

HRMS calc'd for $C_{25}H_{28}N_2O_2$: 388.2151. Found: 382.2137.

EXAMPLE 44

15 (2S,3S)-3-(2-Methoxy-5-N-methylmethanesulfonamido-benzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

1H NMR (free base; $CDCl_3$) δ 1.42 (m, 1H), 1.74 (m, 2H), 2.12 (m, 1H), 2.78 (m, 5H), 3.20 (s, 3H), 3.24 (m, 1H), 3.36 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.52 (s, 3H), 3.64 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.89 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.64 (d, 1H, J=9), 6.98 (d, 1H, J=3), 7.14 (dd, 1H, J=3, 9), 7.26 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for $C_{21}H_{29}N_3O_3S$: 403.1992. Found: 403.1923.

Anal. calc'd for $C_{21}H_{29}N_3O_3S \cdot 2HCl \cdot 1/3H_2O$: C, 52.28; H, 6.61; N, 8.71. Found: C, 52.09; H, 6.63; N, 8.68.

25

EXAMPLE 45

(2S,3S)-3-(2,2,2-Trifluoroethoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. > 275°C.

1H NMR (free base; $CDCl_3$) δ 1.44 (m, 1H), 1.62 (m, 1H), 1.90 (m, 1H), 2.10 (m, 1H), 2.82 (m, 2H), 3.26 (m, 1H), 3.38 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.66 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.92 (d, 1H, J=3), 4.06 (m, 2H), 6.66 (d, 1H, J=10), 6.94 (m, 2H), 7.16 (m, 1H), 7.30 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for $C_{20}H_{24}F_3N_2O(M+1)$: 365.1835. Found: 385.1908.

Anal. calc'd for $C_{20}H_{23}F_3N_2O \cdot 2HCl \cdot 1/3H_2O$: C, 54.19; H, 5.84; N, 6.32. Found: C, 54.22; H, 5.57; N, 6.42.

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EXAMPLE 46

(2S,3S)-3-[5-Chloro-2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)benzyl-
amino]-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 267-269°C.

5 ¹H NMR (free base; CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.60 (m, 1H),
1.82 (m, 1H), 2.02 (m, 1H), 2.76 (m, 2H), 3.20 (m, 1H), 3.28
(d, 1H, J=15), 3.52 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.84 (d, 1H, J=3), 4.00
(m, 2H), 6.54 (d, 1H, J=10), 6.92 (d, 1H, J=3), 7.04 (m,
1H), 7.24 (m, 5H).

10 HRMS calc'd for C₂₀H₂₂ClF₃N₂O: 398.1368. Found:
398.1352.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₀H₂₂ClF₃N₂O•2HCl: C, 50.91; H, 5.13;
N, 5.94. Found: C, 50.89; H, 4.84; N, 5.93.

EXAMPLE 47

15 (2S,3S)-3-(3-Trifluoromethoxybenzylamino)-2-
phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. > 275°C.

¹H NMR (free base; CDCl₃) δ 1.4 (m, 1H), 1.54 (m, 1H),
1.80 (m, 1H), 1.96 (m, 1H), 2.74 (m, 2H), 3.18 (m, 1H), 3.30
20 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.46 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.82 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.80
(s, 1H), 6.84 (d, 1H, J=10), 6.92 (m, 1H), 7.12 (m, 1H),
7.24 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for C₁₉H₂₁F₃N₂O: 350.1601. Found: 350.1609.

Anal. calc'd for C₁₉H₂₁F₃N₂O•2HCl: C, 53.91; H, 5.48; N,
25 6.62. Found: C, 53.84; H, 5.07; N, 6.59.

EXAMPLE 48

(2S,3S)-3-(5-t-Butyl-2-trifluoromethoxybenzylamino)-2-
phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 262-264°C.

30 ¹H NMR (free Base; CDCl₃) δ 1.20 (s, 9H), 1.40 (m, 1H),
1.52 (m, 1H), 1.84 (m, 1H), 2.06 (m, 1H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 3.22
(m, 1H), 3.38 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.58 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.86 (d,
1H, J=3), 6.98 (m, 1H), 7.12 (m, 2H), 7.26 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for C₂₃H₂₉F₃N₂O: 406.2225. Found: 406.2271.

35 Anal. calc'd for C₂₃H₂₉F₃N₂O•2HCl•1/3H₂O: C, 56.92; H,
6.56; N, 5.77. Found: C, 56.99; H, 6.41; N, 6.03.

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EXAMPLE 49

(2S,3S)-3-[5-Isopropyl-2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)-benzylamino]-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. > 280°C.

5 ¹H NMR (free base; CDCl₃) δ 1.12 (m, 6H), 1.4 (m, 1H), 1.62 (m, 1H), 1.82 (m, 1H), 2.08 (m, 1H), 2.76 (m, 3H), 3.22 (m, 1H), 3.30 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.38 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.82 (d, 1H, J=3), 4.02 (m, 2H), 6.56 (d, 1H, J=10), 6.78 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.94 (m, 1H), 7.24 (m, 5H).

10 HRMS calc'd for C₂₃H₃₀F₃N₂O (M+1): 407.2303. Found: 407.2287.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₃H₂₉F₃N₂O•2HCl•1/2H₂O: C, 56.55, H, 6.60; N, 5.70. Found: C, 56.17; H, 6.39; N, 5.77.

EXAMPLE 50

15 (2S,3S)-3-(2-Methoxy-5-methylaminomethylbenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 242°C (dec).

¹H NMR (free base; CDCl₃) δ 1.36 (m, 1H), 1.58 (m, 1H), 1.90 (m, 1H), 2.10 (m, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 3.22 (m, 1H), 3.42 (m, 4H), 3.56 (s, 2H), 3.64 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.86 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.60 (d, 1H, J=10), 6.86 (d, 1H, J=3), 7.02 (m, 1H), 7.26 (m, 5H).

20 HRMS calc'd for C₂₁H₃₀N₃O (M+1): 340.2382. Found: 340.2400.

EXAMPLE 51

25 (2S,3S)-3-[5-Dimethylamino-2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)-benzylamino]-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride.

M.P. 250-252°C.

¹H NMR (free base; CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.60 (m, 1H), 1.86 (m, 1H), 2.10 (m, 1H), 2.82 (m, 8H), 3.22 (m, 1H), 3.34 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.58 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.88 (d, 1H, J=3), 4.00 (m, 2H), 6.42 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.50 (m, 1H), 6.64 (d, 1H, J=10), 7.30 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for C₂₂H₂₈F₃N₃O: 407.2178. Found: 407.2179.

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EXAMPLE 52

(2S,3S)-3-(2-Difluoromethoxy-5-methylmercaptobenzyl-amino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 254-256°C.

5 ^1H NMR (free base: CDCl_3) δ 1.45 (m, 1H), 1.60 (m, 1H), 1.80 (m, 1H), 2.10 (m, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 3.20 (m, 1H), 3.30 (d, 1H, $J=15$), 3.55 (d, 1H, $J=15$), 3.90 (d, 1H, $J=3$), 6.10 (t, 1H, $J=85$), 6.95 (m, 3H), 7.25 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{25}\text{Cl}_2\text{F}_2\text{N}_2\text{OS}(\text{M}+1)$: 379.1650. Found:
10 379.1668.

Anal. calc'd for $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{24}\text{N}_2\text{OF}_2\text{Cl}_2 \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 1/4\text{H}_2\text{O}$: C, 52.69; H, 5.86; N, 6.14. Found: C, 52.36; H, 5.86; N, 6.14.

EXAMPLE 53

(2S,3S)-3-(5-sec-Butyl-2-methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine
15

M.P. 260-263°C (HCl salt).

^1H NMR (free base; CDCl_3) δ 0.8 (2t, 3H, $J=6$), 1.16 (2d, 3H, $J=7$), 1.5 (m, 4H), 1.9 (m, 1H), 2.12 (m, 1H), 2.46 (m, 1H), 2.8 (m, 3H), 3.28 (m, 1H), 3.42 (d, 1H, $J=15$), 3.44 (s, 3H), 3.66 (d, 1H, $J=15$), 3.90 (d, 1H, $J=3$), 6.60 (d, 1H, $J=10$), 6.78 (broad s, 1H), 6.92 (d, 1H, $J=10$), 7.3 (m, 5H).
20

HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_2\text{O}$: 352.2507. Found: 352.2525.

EXAMPLE 54

(2S,3S)-3-(4-Amino-5-chloro-2-methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride
25

M.P. 200-203°C (dec).

^1H NMR (free base; CDCl_3) δ 1.35 (m, 1H), 1.56 (m, 1H), 1.86 (m, 1H), 2.05 (m, 1H), 2.75 (m, 2H), 3.22 (m, 2H), 3.36 (s, 3H), 3.48 (d, 1H, $J=12$), 3.84 (d, 1H, $J=2$), 6.08 (s, 1H), 6.78 (s, 1H), 7.24 (m, 5H).
30

HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{19}\text{H}_{24}\text{ClN}_3\text{O}$: 345.1604. Found: 345.1589.

EXAMPLE 55

(2S,3S)-3-(2-Methoxy-5-phenylbenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride
35

M.P. 238-239°C (dec).

^1H NMR (free base; CDCl_3) δ 1.38 (m, 1H), 1.60 (m, 1H), 1.88 (m, 1H), 2.12 (m, 1H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 3.23 (m, 1H), 3.45

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(m, 4H), 3.70 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.86 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.70 (d, 1H, J=6), 7.34 (m, 12H).

HRMS calc'd for $C_{25}H_{28}N_2O$: 372.2197. Found: 372.2172.

EXAMPLE 56

5 (2S,3S)-2-Phenyl-3-(quinolin-8-yl)methylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 252-253°C (dec).

1H NMR (free base; $CDCl_3$) δ 1.38 (m, 1H), 1.58 (m, 1H), 1.94 (m, 1H), 2.17 (m, 1H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 3.24 (m, 1H), 3.83
10 (d, 1H, J=3), 3.96 (d, 1H, J=15), 4.28 (d, 1H, J=15), 7.14 (m, 6H), 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.58 (t, 1H, J=4), 7.98 (d, 1H, J=6), 8.46 (m, 1H).

HRMS calc'd for $C_{21}H_{23}N_3$: 317.1887. Found: 317.1883.

EXAMPLE 57

15 (2S,3S)-3-(5-Heptyloxy-2-methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 230°C (dec).

1H NMR (free base; $CDCl_3$) δ 0.90 (m, 2H), 1.38 (m, 10H), 1.76 (m, 4H), 2.12 (m, 1H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 3.26 (m, 1H), 3.38
20 (d, 1H, J=16), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.62 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.82 (t, 2H, J=6), 3.88 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.62 (m, 3H), 7.28 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for $C_{26}H_{38}N_2O_2$: 410.2928. Found: 410.2953.

EXAMPLE 58

25 (2S,3S)-3-(2-Heptyloxy-5-methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 212-213°C (dec).

1H NMR (free base; $CDCl_3$) δ 0.90 (m, 3H), 1.60 (m, 13H), 2.12 (m, 1H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 3.26 (m, 1H), 3.36 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.62 (m, 6H), 3.86 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.60 (m, 3H), 7.23
30 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for $C_{26}H_{38}N_2O_2$: 410.2928. Found: 410.2912.

EXAMPLE 59

35 (2S,3S)-3-(5-Heptyl-2-methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 242-243°C (dec).

1H NMR (free base; $CDCl_3$) δ 0.88 (m, 3H), 1.60 (m, 13H), 2.14 (m, 1H), 2.44 (t, 2H, J=6), 2.78 (m, 2H), 3.26 (m, 1H),

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3.40 (m, 4H), 3.64 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.86 (d, 1H, J=2), 6.58 (d, 1H, J=6), 6.75 (d, 1H, J=2), 6.92 (d, 1H, J=6), 7.26 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for $C_{26}H_{38}N_2O$: 394.2977. Found: 394.3009.

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EXAMPLE 60

(2S,3S)-3-(2-Methoxy-5-n-propylbenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 245-247°C (dec).

1H NMR (free base; $CDCl_3$) δ 0.9 (t, 3H, J=10), 1.4 (m, 1H), 1.54 (m, 2H), 1.92 (m, 1H), 2.14 (m, 1H), 2.44 (t, 2H, J=6), 2.80 (m, 2H), 3.26 (s, 1H), 3.40 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.44 (s, 3H), 3.66 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.90 (s, 1H), 6.56 (d, 1H, J=10), 6.76 (s, 1H), 6.92 (d, 1H, J=10), 7.26 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for $C_{22}H_{30}N_2O$: 338.2351. Found: 338.2339.

Anal. calc'd for $C_{22}H_{30}N_2O \cdot 2HCl \cdot 0.25 H_2O$: C, 63.57, H, 7.81; N, 6.74. Found: C, 63.59; H, 7.66; N, 6.73.

EXAMPLE 61

(2S,3S)-3-(4,5-Dimethyl-2-methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

20 M.P. 269-270°C.

1H NMR (free base; $CDCl_3$) δ 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.60 (m, 1H), 1.96 (m, 2H), 2.14 (s, 3H), 2.18 (s, 3H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 3.30 (m, 1H), 3.40 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.62 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.90 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.48 (s, 1H), 6.70 (s, 1H), 7.28 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for $C_{21}H_{28}N_2O$: 324.2195. Found: 324.2210.

Anal. calc'd for $C_{21}H_{28}N_2O \cdot 2HCl \cdot 0.25H_2O$: C, 62.80; H, 7.60; N, 6.99. Found: C, 62.64; H, 7.31; N, 6.86.

EXAMPLE 62

30 (2S,3S)-3-(5-t-Butyl-2-hydroxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 267-269°C (dec).

1H NMR (free base: $CDCl_3$) δ 1.3 (s, 9H), 1.6 (m, 3H), 2.18 (m, 1H), 2.82 (m, 1H), 2.98 (m, 1H), 3.22 (m, 1H), 3.44 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.56 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.92 (m, 1H), 6.70 (m, 2H), 7.14 (m, 1H), 7.40 (m, 5H).

HRMS Calc'd for $C_{27}H_{30}N_2O$: 338.2351. Found: 338.2384.

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EXAMPLE 63(2S,3S)-3-(5-Carbomethoxy-2-methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 238-240°C.

5 ^1H NMR (free base; CDCl_3) δ 1.4 (m, 1H), 1.6 (m, 1H), 1.88 (m, 1H), 2.1 (m, 1H), 2.75 (m, 2H), 3.2 (m, 1H), 3.35 (d, 1H, $J=15$), 3.45 (s, 3H), 3.7 (d, 1H, $J=15$), 3.85 (m, 4H), 6.65 (d, 1H, $J=10$), 7.2 (m, 5H), 7.70 (d, 1H, $J=3$), 7.85 (m, 1H).

10 HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{26}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$: 354.1937. Found: 354.1932.

EXAMPLE 64(2S,3S)-3-(5-n-Butyl-2-methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 252-253°C.

15 ^1H NMR (free base; CDCl_3) δ 0.88 (t, 3H, $J=10$), 1.38 (m, 3H), 1.56 (m, 3H), 1.96 (m, 2H), 2.18 (m, 1H), 2.50 (t, 2H, $J=10$), 2.86 (m, 2H), 3.30 (m, 1H), 3.44 (d, 1H, $J=15$), 3.48 (s, 3H), 3.68 (d, 1H, $J=15$), 3.82 (d, 1H, $J=3$), 6.62 (d, 1H, $J=10$), 6.80 (s, 1H), 6.86 (d, 1H, $J=10$), 7.3 (m, 5H).

20 HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_2\text{O}$: 352.2507. Found: 352.2509.

Anal. calc'd for $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_2\text{O} \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 1/3\text{H}_2\text{O}$: C, 64.03; H, 8.09; N, 6.50. Found: C, 64.39; H, 7.90; N, 6.59.

EXAMPLE 65

25 (2S,3S)-3-(5-Isopropyl-2-methoxybenzyl)amino-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 252-254°C.

^1H NMR (free base; CDCl_3) δ 1.14 (d, 6H, $J=6$), 1.36 (m, 1H), 1.58 (m, 1H), 1.88 (m, 1H), 2.1 (m, 1H), 2.76 (m, 3H), 3.24 (m, 1H), 3.36 (d, 1H, $J=15$), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.60 (d, 1H, $J=15$), 3.86 (d, 1H, $J=3$), 6.56 (d, 1H, $J=10$), 6.80 (d, 1H, $J=3$), 6.84 (m, 1H), 7.24 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_2\text{O}$: 338.2351. Found: 338.2377.

Anal. calc'd for $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{30}\text{N}_2\text{O} \cdot 2\text{HCl} \cdot 1/4\text{H}_2\text{O}$: C, 63.52; H, 7.88; N, 6.74. Found: C, 63.33; H, 7.64; N, 6.75.

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EXAMPLE 66

(2S,3S)-3-(2-Difluoromethoxy-5-N,N-dimethylaminobenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 243-245°C (dec).

5 ¹H NMR (free base; CDCl₃) δ 1.44 (m, 1H), 1.72 (m, 2H), 2.10 (m, 1H), 2.84 (m, 8H), 3.21 (m, 1H), 3.28 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.55 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.88 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.08 (t, 1H, J=72), 6.36 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.46 (dd, 1H, J=3,9), 6.86 (d, 1H, J=9), 7.28 (m, 5H).

10 HRMS calc'd for C₂₁H₂₇F₂N₃O: 375.2122. Found: 375.2138.
Anal. calc'd for C₂₁H₂₇F₂N₃O•3HCl•1/2H₂O: C, 51.07; H, 6.44; N, 8.51. Found: C, 50.71; H, 6.08; N, 8.28.

EXAMPLE 67

(2S,3S)-3-[2,5[bis-(difluoromethoxy)benzyl]amino]-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 238-239°C.

¹H NMR (free base; CDCl₃) δ 1.64 (m, 3H), 2.04 (m, 1H), 2.76 (m, 2H), 3.18 (m, 1H), 3.28 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.52 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.84 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.12 (t, 1H, J=75), 6.40 (t, 1H, J=75), 6.75 (m, 2H), 6.94 (d, 1H, J=9), 7.24 (m, 5H).

20 HRMS calc'd for C₂₀H₂₂F₄N₂O₂: 398.1612. Found: 398.1591.

EXAMPLE 68

(2S,3S)-3-(5-t-Butyl-2-difluoromethoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

25 M.P. 263-264°C (dec).

¹H NMR (free base; CDCl₃) δ 1.24 (s, 9H), 1.42 (m, 1H), 1.62 (m, 1H), 1.80 (m, 1H), 2.10 (m, 1H), 2.80 (m, 2H), 3.24 (m, 2H), 3.58 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.87 (brs, 1H), 6.18 (t, 1H, J=72), 6.86 (d, 1H, J=6), 7.00 (brs, 1H), 7.12 (m, 1H), 7.24 (m, 5H).

30 HRMS calc'd for C₂₃H₃₀F₂N₂O: 388.2321. Found: 388.2336.

EXAMPLE 69

(2S,3S)-3-(5-Dimethylamino-2-methoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

35 M.P. > 275°C.

¹H NMR (free base; CDCl₃) δ 1.34 (m, 1H), 1.70 (m, 2H), 2.10 (m, 1H), 2.76 (m, 8H), 3.20 (m, 1H), 3.34 (m, 4H), 3.56

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(d, 1H, J=12), 3.82 (d, 1H, J=2), 6.50 (m, 3H), 7.22 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for $C_{21}H_{29}N_3O$: 339.2306. Found: 339.2274.

Anal. calc'd for $C_{21}H_{29}N_3O \cdot 3HCl \cdot H_2O$: C, 54.02; H, 7.34; N, 9.00. Found: C, 53.84; H, 7.55; N, 8.92.

EXAMPLE 70

(2S,3S)-3-(2-Isopropoxy-5-trifluoromethoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 245-246°C (dec).

10 1H NMR (free base: $CDCl_3$) δ 1.08 (d, 3H, J=6), 1.12 (d, 3H, J=6), 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.87 (m, 1H), 2.08 (m, 1H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 3.02 (m, 1H), 3.34 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.51 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.85 (d, 1H, J=2), 4.28 (m, 1H), 6.01 (d, 1H, J=9), 6.82 (m, 1H), 6.91 (m, 1H), 7.24 (m, 5H).

15 HRMS calc'd for $C_{22}H_{27}F_3N_2O_2$: 408.2024. Found: 408.2019.

Anal. calc'd for $C_{22}H_{27}F_3N_2O_2 \cdot 2HCl$: C, 54.89; H, 6.07, N, 5.82. Found: C, 54.50; H, 6.24; N, 5.78.

EXAMPLE 71

20 (2S,3S)-3-(2-Difluoromethoxy-5-trifluoromethoxy-benzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 257-259°C (dec).

1H NMR (free base; $CDCl_3$) δ 1.44 (m, 1H), 1.58 (m, 1H), 1.78 (m, 1H), 2.03 (m, 1H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 3.20 (m, 1H), 3.32 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.54 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.87 (d, 1H, J=2), 6.15 (t, 1H, J=72), 6.94 (m, 3H), 7.26 (m, 5H).

25 HRMS calc'd for $C_{20}H_{21}F_5N_2O_2$: 416.1523. Found: 416.1501.

Anal. calc'd for $C_{20}H_{21}F_5N_2O_2 \cdot 2HCl \cdot 1/3H_2O$: C, 48.50; H, 4.81; N, 5.65. Found: C, 48.45; H, 4.57; N, 5.66.

EXAMPLE 72

30 (2S,3S)-3-(2-Ethoxy-5-trifluoromethoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. > 275°C (dec).

1H NMR (free base; $CDCl_3$) δ 1.13 (t, 3H, J=6), 1.38 (m, 1H), 1.70 (m, 2H), 2.06 (m, 1H), 2.74 (m, 2H), 3.22 (m, 1H), 35 3.30 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.68 (m, 3H), 3.84 (br s, 1H), 6.55 (d, 1H, J=9), 6.79 (br s, 1H), 6.90 (m, 1H), 7.2 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for $C_{21}H_{25}F_3N_2O_2$: 394.1868. Found: 394.1875.

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Anal. calc'd for $C_{21}H_{25}F_3N_2O_2 \cdot 2HCl$: C, 53.97; H, 5.82; N, 6.00. Found: C, 53.85; H, 5.79; N, 5.95.

EXAMPLE 73

5 (2S,3S)-3-(5-Ethyl-2-methoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

1H NMR (free base, $CDCl_3$) δ 1.16 (t, 3H, J=9), 1.36 (m, 1H), 1.57 (m, 1H), 1.88 (m, 1H), 2.12 (m, 1H), 2.48 (q, 2H), 2.76 (m, 2H), 3.24 (m, 1H), 3.38 (m, 4H), 3.60 (d, 1H, J=12), 3.86 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.57 (d, 1H, J=6), 6.74 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.92 (dd, 1H, J=3,6), 7.24 (m, 5H).

HRMS calc'd for $C_{21}H_{28}N_2O$: 324.2202. Found: 324.2202.

EXAMPLE 74

15 (2S,3S)-3-(2-Difluoromethoxy-5-nitrobenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

1H NMR (free base; $CDCl_3$) δ 1.50 (m, 1H), 1.66 (m, 1H), 1.98 (m, 2H), 2.82 (m, 2H), 3.28 (m, 1H), 3.42 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.64 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.95 (d, 1H, J=2), 6.30 (t, 1H, J=72), 7.08 (d, 1H, J=8), 7.30 (m, 5H), 8.04 (m, 2H).

FAB HRMS calc'd for $C_{19}H_{21}F_2N_3O_3(M+1)$: 378.1629. Found: 20 378.1597.

EXAMPLE 75

25 (2S,3S)-3-(2-Difluoromethoxy-5-isopropylbenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 245-247°C (dec).

1H NMR (free base; $CDCl_3$) δ 1.19 (2d, 6H, J=7), 1.50 (m, 1H), 1.75 (m, 2H), 2.12 (m, 1H), 2.83 (m, 3H), 3.25 (m, 1H), 3.35 (d, 1H, J=14), 3.60 (d, 1H, J=14), 3.90 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.20 (t, 1H, J=75), 6.90 (m, 2H), 7.00 (m, 1H), 7.30 (m, 5H).

30 HRMS calc'd for $C_{22}H_{28}F_2N_2O$: 374.2170. Found: 374.2207.

Anal. calc'd for $C_{22}H_{28}F_2N_2O \cdot 2HCl \cdot 1/3H_2O$: C, 58.28; H, 6.67; N, 6.18. Found: C, 58.17; H, 6.52; N, 6.17.

EXAMPLE 76

35 (2S,3S)-3-(2-Methoxy-5-hydroxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 239-240°C (dec).

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¹H NMR (free base; CDCl₃) δ 1.42 (m, 1H), 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.90 (m, 1H), 2.16 (m, 1H), 2.82 (m, 2H), 3.26 (m, 1H), 3.36 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.42 (s, 3H), 3.58 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.92 (d, 1H, J=2), 6.37 (d, 1H, J=2), 6.52 (m, 2H), 7.26 (m, 5H).

5 HRMS calc'd for C₁₉H₂₄N₂O₂: 312.1836. Found: 312.1865.

EXAMPLE 77

(2S,3S)-3-(2-Methoxy-5-trifluoromethoxybenzyl)-amino-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.p. > 250°C.

10 ¹H NMR (free base, CDCl₃) δ 1.36 (s, 1H), 1.54 (m, 1H), 1.86 (m, 1H), 2.06 (m, 1H), 2.76 (m, 2H), 3.22 (m, 1H), 3.32 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.48 (s, 3H), 3.58 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.85 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.57 (d, 1H, J=9), 6.80 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.92 (dd, 1H, J=3, 9), 7.22 (m, 5H).

15 HRMS calc'd for C₂₀H₂₃F₃N₂O₂: 380.1711. Found: 380.1704.

Anal. calc'd for C₂₀H₂₃F₃N₂O₂•2HCl•0.2H₂O: C 52.57, H 5.60, N 6.13. Found: C 52.58, H 5.40, N 5.97.

EXAMPLE 78

20 (2S,3S)-3-(2-Hydroxy-5-trifluoromethoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

¹H NMR (free base; CDCl₃) δ 1.60 (m, 3H), 2.04 (m, 1H), 2.76 (m, 1H), 2.88 (m, 1H), 3.18 (m, 1H), 3.42 (s, 2H), 3.90 (m, 1H), 6.52 (m, 1H), 6.64 (d, 1H, J=9), 6.89 (m, 1H), 7.30 (m, 5H).

25 HRMS calc'd for C₁₉H₂₁F₃N₂O₂: 366.1545. Found: 366.1562.

Anal. calc'd for C₁₉H₂₁F₃N₂O₂•2HCl•1/3H₂O: C, 51.25; H, 4.90; N, 6.29. Found: C, 51.30; H, 4.75; N, 6.22.

EXAMPLE 79

30 (2S,3S)-3-[5-Acetamido-2-(2,2,2-trifluoroethoxy)benzyl]-amino]-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. > 270°C.

¹H NMR (free base; CDCl₃) δ 1.46 (m, 1H), 1.82 (m, 1H), 2.08 (m, 1H), 2.12 (s, 3H), 2.76 (m, 2H), 3.20 (m, 1H), 3.48 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.58 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.82 (m, 1H), 4.08 (m, 2H), 6.44 (m, 1H), 6.58 (d, 1H, J=10), 6.78 (m, 1H), 7.26 (m, 5H), 7.58 (m, 1H).

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EXAMPLE 80(2S,3S)-3-(2-Difluoromethoxy-5-ethylbenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

M.P. 254-255°C.

5 ¹H NMR (free base; CDCl₃) δ 1.12 (t, 3H, J=10), 1.36 (m, 1H), 1.44 (m, 1H), 1.82 (m, 1H), 2.10 (m, 1H), 2.48 (q, 2H, J=10), 2.8 (m, 1H), 3.10 (m, 1H), 3.34 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.58 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.9 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.12 (t, 1H, J=85), 6.78 (s, 1H), 6.90 (m, 2H), 7.28 (m, 5H).

10 Anal. calc'd for C₂₁H₂₆F₂N₂O•2HCl: C, 58.19; H, 6.51; N, 6.47. Found: C, 57.90; H, 6.52; N, 6.64.

EXAMPLE 81(2S,3S)-3-(5-Chloro-2-difluoromethoxybenzylamino)-2-phenylpiperidine hydrochloride

15 M.P. 272-274°C.

¹H NMR (free base; CDCl₃) δ 1.48 (m, 1H), 1.64 (m, 1H), 1.84 (m, 1H), 2.08 (m, 1H), 2.84 (m, 2H), 3.24 (m, 1H), 3.34 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.56 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.90 (d, 1H, J=3), 6.12 (t, 1H, J=70), 6.90 (d, 1H, J=10), 7.02 (m, 1H), 7.12 (m, 20 1H), 7.3 (m, 5H).

 Anal. calc'd for C₁₉H₂₁ClF₂N₂O•2HCl•1/3H₂O: C, 51.20; H, 5.33; N, 6.29. Found: C, 51.03, H, 5.32. N, 6.30.

EXAMPLE 8225 (2S,3S)-Phenyl-3-(2-trifluoromethoxybenzyl)amino-piperidine hydrochloride

M.p. 231-233°C.

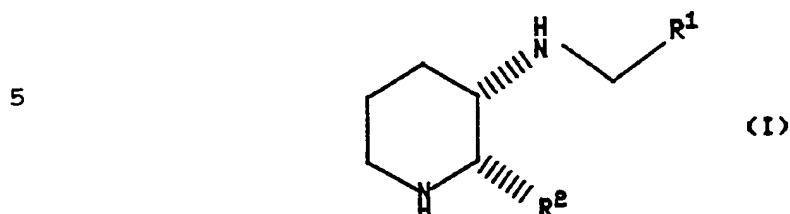
¹H NMR (free base, CDCl₃) δ 1.40 (m, 1H), 1.60 (m, 1H), 1.84 (m, 1H), 2.05 (m, 1H), 2.78 (m, 2H), 3.22 (m, 1H), 3.42 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.56 (d, 1H, J=15), 3.86 (d, 1H, J=3), 7.08 30 (m, 4H), 7.24 (m, 5H). Mass spectrum: m/z 350 (parent).

 Anal. calc'd for C₁₉H₂₁F₃N₂O•2HCl•0.25H₂O: C 53.34, H 5.54, N 6.54. Found: C 53.19, H 5.40, N 6.54.

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CLAIMS

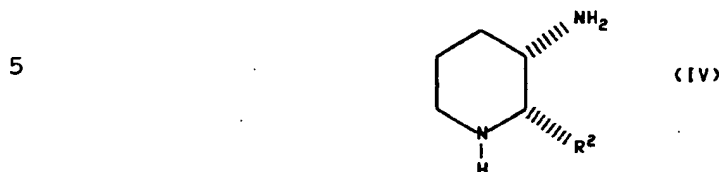
1. A process for preparing a compound of the formula



- 10 wherein R^1 is aryl selected from indanyl, phenyl and naphthyl; heteroaryl selected from thienyl, furyl, pyridyl and quinolyl; and cycloalkyl having 3 to 7 carbon atoms, wherein one of said carbon atoms may optionally be replaced by nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur; wherein each of said aryl and
- 15 heteroaryl groups may optionally be substituted with one or more substituents, and said (C_3-C_7) cycloalkyl may optionally be substituted with one or two substituents, said substituents being independently selected from chloro, fluoro, bromo, iodo, nitro, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl optionally
- 20 substituted with from one to three fluoro groups, (C_1-C_{10}) alkoxy optionally substituted with from one to three fluoro groups,
- 25 amino, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl-S-, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl-S(=O)-, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl-SO₂-, phenyl, phenoxy, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl-SO₂NH-, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl-SO₂NH- (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl-, (C_1-C_{10}) alkylamino-di (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl-, cyano, hydroxyl, cycloalkoxy having 3 to 7 carbon atoms, (C_1-C_6) -alkylamino, (C_1-C_6) dialkylamino,
- 30 HCNH- and (C_1-C_6) alkyl-C(=O)-NH-, wherein the nitrogen atoms of said amino and (C_1-C_6) alkylamino groups may optionally be protected with an appropriate protecting group; and R^2 is
- 35 thienyl, benzhydryl, naphthyl or phenyl optionally substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from chloro, bromo, fluoro, iodo, cycloalkoxy having 3 to 7 carbon atoms, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl optionally substituted with from one to three fluoro groups

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and (C₁-C₁₀) alkoxy optionally substituted with from one to three fluoro groups, comprising reacting a compound of the formula



wherein R² is defined as above, with either (a) a compound of

10 the formula $\text{R}^1\overset{\text{O}}{\parallel}\text{CX}$, wherein R¹ is defined as above and X is a leaving group, followed by treatment of the resulting amide with a reducing agent, (b) a compound of the formula R¹CHO, 15 wherein R¹ is defined as above, in the presence of a reducing agent, or (c) a compound of the formula R¹CH₂X, wherein R¹ is defined as above and X is a leaving group.

2. A process according to claim 1, wherein said compound of the formula IV is reacted with said compound of 20 the formula R¹CHO in the presence of a reducing agent.

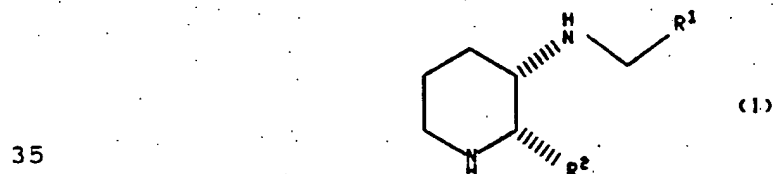
3. A process according to claim 2, wherein said reducing agent is sodium triacetoxyborohydride.

4. A process according to claim 2, wherein said reducing agent is sodium cyanoborohydride.

25 5. A process according to claim 2, wherein said reaction is conducted in a lower alcohol solvent at a temperature from about -60°C to about 50°C.

6. A process according to claim 2, wherein said reaction is conducted in an acetic acid solvent at a 30 temperature from about -60°C to about 50°C.

7. A process for preparing a compound of the formula



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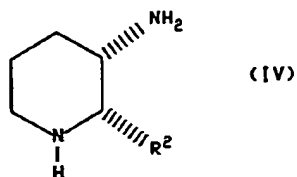
wherein R^1 is aryl selected from indanyl, phenyl and naphthyl; heteroaryl selected from thienyl, furyl, pyridyl and quinolyl; and cycloalkyl having 3 to 7 carbon atoms, wherein one of said carbon atoms may optionally be replaced
 5 by nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur; wherein each of said aryl and heteroaryl groups may optionally be substituted with one or more substituents, and said (C_3-C_7) cycloalkyl may optionally be substituted with one or two substituents, said substituents being independently selected from chloro,
 10 fluoro, bromo, iodo, nitro, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl optionally substituted with from one to three fluoro groups, (C_1-C_{10}) alkoxy optionally substituted with from one to three fluoro groups,

15 amino, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl-S-, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl-S(=O)-, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl-SO₂-, phenyl, phenoxy, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl-SO₂NH-, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl-SO₂NH- (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl-, (C_1-C_{10}) alkylamino-di (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl-, cyano, hydroxyl, cycloalkoxy having 3 to 7 carbon atoms, (C_1-C_6)
 20 alkylamino, (C_1-C_6) dialkylamino,

HCNH- and (C_1-C_6) alkyl-C(=O)-NH-, wherein the nitrogen atoms of said amino and (C_1-C_6) alkylamino groups may optionally be
 25 protected with an appropriate protecting group; and R^2 is thienyl, benzhydryl, naphthyl or phenyl substituted with from one to three substituents independently selected from chloro, bromo, fluoro, iodo, cycloalkoxy having 3 to 7 carbon atoms, (C_1-C_{10}) alkyl optionally substituted with from
 30 one to three groups and (C_1-C_{10}) alkoxy optionally substituted with from one to three fluoro groups;

comprising reacting a compound of the formula

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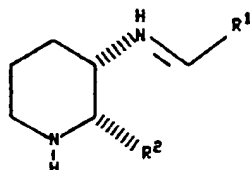


wherein R^2 is defined as above, with a compound of the formula $R^1\text{CHO}$, wherein R^1 is defined as above, in the

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presence of a drying agent or using an apparatus designed to remove azeotropically the water generated, to produce an imine of the formula

5

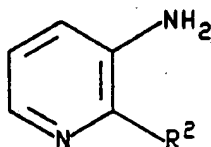


wherein R_1 and R_2 are defined as above, and reacting the imine with a reducing agent.

8. A process according to claim 7, wherein the reducing agent is sodium triacetoxyborohydride.

9. A process according to claim 1, wherein said compound of formula IV is obtained by reducing a compound of the formula

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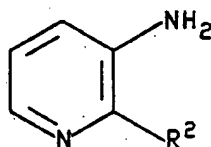


(II)

wherein R^2 is defined as for said formula IV.

10. A process according to claim 7, wherein said compound of formula IV is obtained by reducing a compound of the formula

25



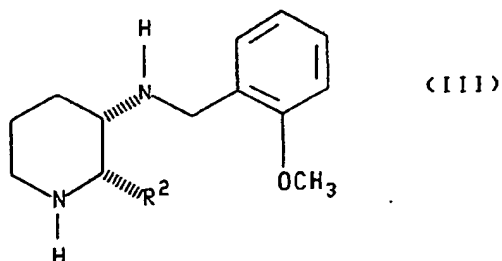
(II)

wherein R^2 is defined as for said formula IV.

11. A process according to claim 1, wherein said compound of formula IV is obtained by reacting a compound of the formula

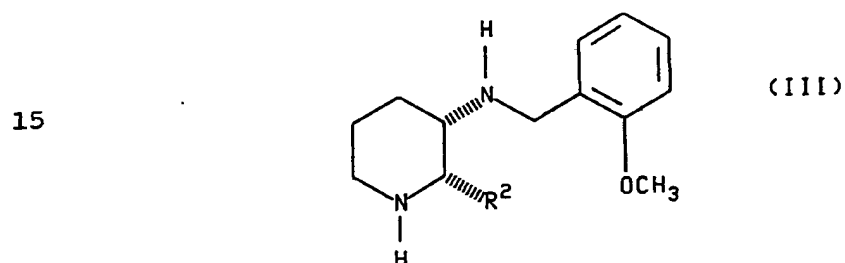
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wherein R^2 is defined as for said formula IV, with hydrogen in the presence of a metal containing catalyst.

- 10 12. A process according to claim 7, wherein said compound of formula IV is obtained by treating a compound of the formula



- 20 wherein R^2 is defined as for said formula IV, with hydrogen in the presence of a metal containing catalyst.

13. A process according to claim 11, wherein said metal containing catalyst is palladium on carbon.

- 25 14. A process according to claim 12, wherein said metal containing catalyst is palladium on carbon.

15. A process according to claim 11, wherein said solvent is a mixture of water and a lower alcohol containing hydrochloric acid.

- 30 16. A process according to claim 12, wherein said solvent is a mixture of water and a lower alcohol containing hydrochloric acid.

- 35 17. A process according to claim 1, wherein said compound of formula I formed thereby is a compound wherein R^1 and R^2 are the same or different and each of R^1 and R^2 is phenyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents independently selected from chlorine, fluorine, (C_1-C_6) alkyl optionally substituted with from one to three fluoro groups

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and (C₁-C₆) alkoxy optionally substituted with from one to three fluoro groups.

18. A process according to claim 1, wherein said compound of formula I formed thereby is a compound wherein
5 R¹ is 2-methoxyphenyl and R² is phenyl.

19. A process according to claim 7, wherein said compound of formula I formed thereby is a compound wherein R¹ and R² are the same or different and each of R¹ and R² is phenyl optionally substituted with one or more substituents
10 independently selected from chlorine, fluorine, (C₁-C₆) alkyl optionally substituted with from one to three fluoro groups and (C₁-C₆) alkoxy optionally substituted with from one to three fluoro groups.

20. A process according to claim 7, wherein said
15 compound of formula I formed thereby is a compound wherein R¹ is 2-methoxyphenyl and R² is phenyl.

21. A process according to claim 9, wherein the reduction is carried out using sodium in a boiling alcohol.

22. A process according to claim 9, wherein the
20 reduction is carried out using lithium aluminum hydride/aluminum trichloride.

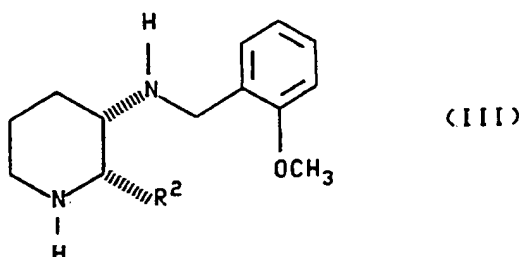
23. A process according to claim 9, wherein the reduction is an electrolytic reduction.

24. A process according to claim 9, wherein the
25 reduction is carried out using hydrogen in the presence of a metal containing catalyst.

25. A process according to claim 24, wherein said catalyst is platinum on carbon.

26. A process according to claim 1, wherein compound
30 of the formula IV is obtained by reacting a compound of the formula

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wherein R² is defined as for said formula IV, with lithium or sodium in ammonia, or with a formate salt in the presence of palladium, or with cyclohexene in the presence of palladium.

27. A process according to claim 1, wherein said compound of formula I formed thereby is a compound wherein R¹ is 4,5-difluoro-2-methoxyphenyl and R² is phenyl.

28. A process according to claim 7, wherein said
15 compound of formula I formed thereby is a compound wherein
R¹ is 4,5-difluoro-2-methoxyphenyl and R² is phenyl.

29. A process according to claim 1, wherein said compound of formula I formed thereby is a compound wherein R¹ is 2-methoxy-5-trifluoromethylphenyl and R² is phenyl.

20 30. A process according to claim 7, wherein said compound of formula I formed thereby is a compound wherein R¹ is 2-methoxy-5-trifluoromethylphenyl and R² is phenyl.

31. A process according to claim 1, wherein said compound of formula I formed thereby is a compound wherein
25 R¹ is 2,4-dimethoxyphenyl and R² is phenyl.

32. A process according to claim 7, wherein said compound of formula I formed thereby is a compound wherein R¹ is 2,4-dimethoxyphenyl and R² is phenyl.

30 33. A process according to claim 1, wherein said compound of formula I formed thereby is a compound wherein R¹ is 2,3-dimethoxyphenyl and R² is phenyl.

34. A process according to claim 7, wherein said compound of formula I formed thereby is a compound wherein R¹ is 2,3-dimethoxyphenyl and R² is phenyl.

35 35. A process according to claim 1, wherein said compound of formula I formed thereby is a compound wherein R¹ is "5-chloro-2-methoxyphenyl" and R² is phenyl.

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36. A process according to claim 7, wherein said compound of formula I formed thereby is a compound wherein R^1 is "5-chloro-2-methoxyphenyl" and R^2 is phenyl.

37. A process according to claim 1, wherein said
5 compound of formula I formed thereby is a compound wherein R^1 is "3-chloro-2-methoxyphenyl" and R^2 is phenyl.

38. A process according to claim 7, wherein said compound of formula I formed thereby is a compound wherein R^1 is "3-chloro-2-methoxyphenyl" and R^2 is phenyl.

INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International Application No.

PCT/US 92/00065

I. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER (If several classification symbols apply, indicate all) ⁶		
According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both National Classification and IPC		
Int.Cl. 5 C07D211/56; C07D401/12; C07D409/12		
II. FIELDS SEARCHED		
Minimum Documentation Searched ⁷		
Classification System	Classification Symbols	
Int.Cl. 5	C07D	
Documentation Searched other than Minimum Documentation to the Extent that such Documents are Included in the Fields Searched ⁸		
III. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT⁹		
Category ⁹	Citation of Document, ¹¹ with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages ¹²	Relevant to Claim No. ¹³
P,X	EP,A,0 436 334 (PFIZER INC.) 10 July 1991 * See page 13, lines 21-28; page 15, lines 26-31; page 16, line 10 - page 17 line 20; example 91 *	1-38
P,A	WO,A,9 118 878 (PFIZER INC.) 12 December 1991 see the whole document	1-38
P,A	WO,A,9 109 844 (PFIZER INC.) 11 July 1991 see the whole document	1-38
A	WO,A,9 005 729 (PFIZER INC.) 31 May 1990 see the whole document	1-38
<p>⁹ Special categories of cited documents :¹⁰</p> <p>"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</p> <p>"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date</p> <p>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</p> <p>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</p> <p>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</p> <p>"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</p> <p>"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step</p> <p>"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.</p> <p>"A" document member of the same patent family</p>		
IV. CERTIFICATION		
Date of the Actual Completion of the International Search	Date of Mailing of this International Search Report	
18 MAY 1992	27. 05. 92	
International Searching Authority	Signature of Authorized Officer	
EUROPEAN PATENT OFFICE	B. E. KISSLER	

ANNEX TO THE INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT ON INTERNATIONAL PATENT APPLICATION NO.

US 9200065
SA 56512

This annex lists the patent family members relating to the patent documents cited in the above-mentioned international search report. The members are as contained in the European Patent Office EDP file on
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WO-A-9118878	12-12-91	AU-A- 7770391	31-12-91
		CN-A- 1056876	11-12-91
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		CA-A- 2003441	23-05-90
		EP-A- 0409931	30-01-91

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